

# The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 272, Vol. VI.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1875.

[Price 6d.]

Cromwell Advertisements

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DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FAMILY GROCERS,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

We desire to intimate that in order to meet the growing exigencies of our business, we have lately built substantial stone additions to our former premises. At the urgent request of our numerous customers, we have added to our other branches of business, that of

**DRAPERY, CROCKERY, & IRONMONGERY.**

We would further notify that, having engaged a Buyer in connection with our business to select special lines consigned from the Home and Melbourne markets, we will in future be in a position to offer such superior advantages to our customers as will not fail to ensure a continuance of their liberal patronage, and, more especially, will command the attention and confidence of the Trade, Runholders, and Large Buyers.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

Our GROCERY STOCK comprises:

Teas, of excellent flavour, in chests, half-chests, and boxes  
Coffees, from the pure bean, ground on the premises  
Cocoa, Chocolate, of the best brands  
Sugars: crystals of every shade, and crushed loaf  
Bacon, Cheese, Butter: weekly supplies from the best dairies  
Jams, Jellies, and Pickles

Candles: best brands  
Soap: treble crown, blue mottled, household, scented in bars, cakes, and boxes  
Vestas, by approved makers  
Salt: table, fine, and coarse  
Raisins: Muscatels, Sultanas, and Elemes  
Oils: salad, castor, and kerosene  
Sauces: Lea and Perrins, Mushroom, Nabob, and assorted

**TOBACCOES.**

Imperial, Aromatic, cable-twist—superior  
Cameron's celebrated brands—Havelock, Golden Bar, Venus tens  
Barrett's Twist, in quarter-tierces and boxes.

Water Lily, Over the Water, navy sixes  
Cut Tobaccos, in pound, half-pound, and quarter-pound tins, and in bulk.

**WINES AND SPIRITS.**

Brandies: Hennessy's, Associated Vineyard, Martell's, in bulk and case  
Whiskies: Old Glenury, Islay, Longjohn's, in bulk and case  
Rum: Lemon Hart's  
Port: Fine old Offley's, six grape  
Sherry: Gonzola, six diamond  
Gin: J. & K. Geneva, Nectar, and Kummell  
Old Tom: Burnett's, Bernard's  
Claret: St. Julien's

Moselle: No. 2  
Hock: Gold Leaf  
Ginger Wine, in bulk and case  
Ales: Tennent's, Younger's, and Colonial.  
Porter: Blood's, Byass's, Guinness's, and Colonial  
Cordials: assorted  
Sarsaparilla: Singleton's, Townsend's  
Bitters: Selner's, Stoughton's

**IRONMONGERY STOCK consists of**

Blasting powder and fuse  
Gunpowder, caps, and shot  
Long and short handled shovels  
Spades, sluice forks  
Picks and pickhandles  
Gold dishes, hose-pipes  
Drills and drilling hammers  
Manilla and flax ropes  
White lead, castor, boiled, and colza oils  
Galvanised and corrugated iron  
Stoves and piping

Billies and pannikins  
Tea-kettles, iron and tin  
Galvanised iron buckets and tubs  
Iron boilers  
Enamelled and tinned stew and saucepans  
Axes and axe-handles  
Nails, cut and wrought  
Tacks, clout and American cut  
Garden rakes, hoes, and spades  
Cutlery, a large assortment  
Carpenters' tools of every description.

**CANVAS, SADDLERY, AND BRUSHWARE.**

**HOLT'S SEWING MACHINES: CABINET AND HAND.**

**DRAPERY & CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.**

Suits: silk-mixture, Galatea, Paget, sac  
Boys' do.  
Trousers and Vests: Mosgiel, silk-mixed, tweed, doeskin  
Suits: white dress, crimeans, scotch twill, tweed  
Pants and undershirts, in flannel, lamb's-wool, merino, and cotton  
Hosiery and hats

Dress materials: wineys, French merinos, all-wool plaids, prints  
Flannels; Calicos, bleached and unbleached  
Blankets, rugs, quilts  
Table-covers, bed and toilet-covers.  
Cocoa and felt matting  
Hessian, bed-ticking, carpets  
Top, waterproof, and tweed coats; etc., etc.

**BOOTS & SHOES.**

Boots: men's elastic-sides, watertights, half-Wellingtons; Hayward and North British Gum Boots  
Women's and children's Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, in calf, kid, and cashmere.  
N.B.—All goods in this department are marked at low prices.

**CROCKERYWARE.**

Breakfast, dinner, and bedroom sets complete  
Lamps: parlour, hanging, bracket  
China, glass, and earthenware goods of every description

**FILTERS, VASES, AND LUSTRES.**

**FANCY GOODS.**

Electro-plated Britannia-metal tea and coffee pots; meerschaum and briar pipes—a choice selection; patent medicines; stationery; perfumery.

**COLONIAL PRODUCE: Wheat, Oats, Chaff, Pollard, and Potatoes.**

D. A. J. & Co. have been appointed sole agents for the sale of Butel Bros.' superior silk-dressed flour, bran, and pollard; and are prepared to promptly execute all orders within a radius of sixty miles.—FLOUR GUARANTEED. TERMS LIBERAL.

**SHAMROCK STORE,**  
CROMWELL.

**WILLIAM SHANLY,**

FAMILY GROCER,

GENERAL STOREKEEPER,

is carrying on business at the old-established premises, next to the Bank of New South Wales, Melmore-street.

The BEST QUALITY of GOODS only  
is kept in stock.

All orders will meet with prompt attention

**STARKEY'S**

**KAWARAU HOTEL,**  
CROMWELL.

Having purchased the above well-known hotel, G. M. STARKEY begs to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that it will be his study to maintain the high reputation the KAWARAU HOTEL has long since acquired for comfort.

One of Alcock's prize Billiard Tables (quite new.)

Wines and Spirits of the very best quality.

An efficient Groom always in attendance.

**I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,**

**CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, LAWRENCE,**

**DUNEDIN, and MELBOURNE,**

ARE DIRECT IMPORTERS OF

DRAPERY; BOOTS AND SHOES; GROCERIES; WINES, SPIRITS, AND PRO

VISIONS; IRONMONGERY; CROCKERY; BUILDING MATERIALS OF

ALL DESCRIPTIONS; PAPERHANGINGS, OILS, & PAINTS;

GRINDERY; FURNITURE AND BEDDING; SADDLERY; AND PATENT MEDICINES.

A supply of WHEAT, OATS, BRAN, & POLLARD always on hand.

Being the only authorised agents for

**ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN'S BRUNSWICK FLOUR MILLS,**

LAKE WAKATIPU,

We are prepared to supply their best Silk-dressed Flour, guaranteed equal to Adelaide.

Having opened a branch establishment in Dunedin, solely for the manufacture of

**MEN'S' CLOTHING,**

We are in a position to offer to the public a SUPERIOR CLASS OF GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, and our customers may rest assured that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed.

**I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.**

**CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD,**  
LATE MR GRANT'S  
NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD.

**JAMES TAYLOR,**

Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,



Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the LOWEST PRICES compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.  
Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners' Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manilla Rope, SADDLERY, &c., cheap.

**VICTORIA JUNCTION HOTEL,**  
CROMWELL.

**JAMES STUART,**

(Late of the Ferry Hotel, Bannockburn.)

Begs to intimate to his friends and the public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, and by keeping the best Wines and Spirits, to merit a share of public patronage.

A first-class table kept, and superior stone stabling in course of erection.

N.B.—The nearest Hotel to the Courthouse.

**JOHN MARSH**

"VALUE FOR MONEY."

**BRIDGE HOTEL,**

CROMWELL.

**JOHN W. THOMPSON,**  
FARRIER AND BLACKSMITH.

J. W. THOMPSON desires to announce to the inhabitants of Cromwell and the District that he has purchased the business lately carried on by Mr JAMES SLOAN as Farrier and Blacksmith. His long practical experience in all branches of the business, combined with moderate charges, will, he trusts, secure him a fair share of public patronage.

**THOMPSON'S**  
VETERINARY AND SHOEING FORGE,  
CROMWELL.

**THOMAS FOOTE,**  
TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,  
MELMORE TERRACE,  
CROMWELL.

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.

**CHARLES COLCLOUGH,**  
SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION  
AGENT,  
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT  
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

Agent for the New Zealand Fire Insurance Company.

**K. PRETSCH,**  
CROMWELL,

COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER,  
PAPERHANGER, &c.

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Paperhanging, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

## Cromwell

**BELFAST STORE,**  
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD-WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,  
&c. &c. &c.

**JAMES HAZLETT**

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Run-holders, Farmers, and Private Families, with EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

**JAMES HAZLETT,**  
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

**WILLIAM TAYLOR,**  
BOOTMAKER,

MELMORE STREET ... CROMWELL

Has a large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes on hand, of the best quality.

An inspection of the stock is invited.

Boots and Shoes made to order in the latest and most approved fashion.

**ALL WORK GUARANTEED.**

PRICES MODERATE.

**FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,**  
(Wholesale and Retail).

**JAMES DAWKINS . PROPRIETOR.**

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

\* \* Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

**CROMWELL BUTCHERY**  
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

**OWEN PIERCE . PROPRIETOR.**

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

**GREAT BARGAINS**  
GREAT BARGAINS!

Just Received,

An assortment of first-class Silver Hunting

**LEVER WATCHES,**

By the best London makers—all warranted.

ALSO,

Fine Lot of **JEWELLERY and CLOCKS.**

Inspection invited.

**E. MURRELL,**  
Watchmaker, Cromwell.

## NOTICE.

**COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!**

The Cromwell Coal Works will in future be carried on by WILLIAMS & HAYES, who have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants of the Cromwell District to their New Seam of Coal, which is far superior to any hitherto obtained in the same works, or in any other portion of the District. They therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed, with the conviction that that patronage will be deserved.

All orders entrusted to us will be attended to at once, and on the shortest notice, as we intend to keep a good supply of coals at the pit-mouth. Coals delivered anywhere, either in or out of the district; and lowest cartage prices charged.

20s. per ton at the Works.

32s. .. delivered.

16 bags to the ton.

**WILLIAMS & HAYES,**  
Coal Works, Cromwell.

## Cromwell

**COME AND SEE**

THE CHEAPEST STOCK OF

**SUMMER GOODS**

IN CROMWELL.

**J. SOLOMON,**

Acknowledged by all to be the only GENUINE CHEAP DRAPER in the District.

**SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' DRESSES**

**NEW STOCK OF SILK DRESSES**

**NEW WHITE HATS—LADIES', GIRLS', & CHILDREN'S**

**NEW MILLINERY; BONNETS**

**NEW TRIMMED HATS—ALL SHAPES**

**LARGE VARIETY OF PRINTS—ALL COLOURS.**

**BEAUTIFUL GOODS IN RUFFLES, COLLARS, & LACE SETS:**

**J. SOLOMON'S STOCK OF**

**LADIES' MADE-UP DRESSES, COSTUMES, POLONAISES, & TRIMMED HATS**  
MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED.

**NEW STOCK OF MEN'S, YOUTHS', LADIES', & CHILDREN'S**  
**BOOTS AND SHOES.**

**JUST OPENED—**

**A REALLY FIRST-CLASS ASSORTMENT OF**

**MEN'S, YOUTHS', & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS**  
ETC., SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON.—VERY CHEAP.

**CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, FANCY GOODS, & PATENT MEDICINES.**

**SHEEP SHEARS & TURKEY STONES.**

**JEWELLERY.**

**ENGLISH LEVER HUNTING WATCHES SELLING A GREAT BARGAIN.**

**MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING**  
Under the management of Mrs SOLOMON.

**J. SOLOMON,**

**CHEAP DRAPERY AND CLOTHING STORE.**

**NEW DISCOVERY!****GREAT RUSH**

TO THE

**GREAT CLEARING SALE**

—AT—

**LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.****GREAT BARGAINS.**

Fancy Dresses, 10s 6d, 12s 6d, 15s. Lustres in all shades, 1s 6d  
French Merinos, 2s 3d yard. Winceys and Skirtings, 1s and 1s 3d  
All-wool Plaid, double width, 3s; single width, 1s 9d  
Prints, fast colours, 8d yard. Batiste Cloth for Dresses, 10d yard  
Hollands, 8d, 10d, 1s; usual price, 11d, 1s 1d, and 1s 5d  
White and Unbleached Calico, yard wide, 6s 9d dozen  
Costumes from 22s 6d. Skirts, 7s 6d  
Hosiery and Fancy Goods greatly reduced  
Stays and Underclothing very cheap  
Remnants—Remnants—Remnants  
Ladies' Straw Hats from 1s 9d.

**CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.**

Tweed Suits, 39s 6d. Colonial Tweed Suits, 42s 6d  
Trousers and Vest, 18s 6d, 45s; Dunedin made, 30s  
Tweed Trousers, 11s 6d, 13s 6d, 16s; Corded Tweed, 16s 6d  
Mole Trousers, 7s 6d, 8s 6d; best, 9s 6d  
Boys' Knicker Suits, 11s 6d. Youths' Eton, 27s 6d, 30s  
Trousers, Trousers and Vest, Men's and Boys' Suits  
Slightly damaged by Fire.  
Knitted Drawers, 6s 6d, 7s, 7s 6d; Cotton ditto, 3s 6d, 4s, 4s 6d  
Flannels, 5s 6d, 6s 6d; best, 7s 6d  
Heavy Plaid Shirts, 10s 9d—usual price 13s 6d  
Plaid Shirts, 8s 6d, worth 11s 6d; 6s 6d, worth 9s 9d; Tweed ditto, 5s 6d  
Crape Shirts, 7s 6d, 8s 6d, 11s 6d. Jean Shirts, 2s 9d, 3s 6d, 4s 6d  
Felt Hats from 3s. Straw Hats from 1s 9d.

**BOOTS. BOOTS.**

Ladies' Kid Boots, 7s 6d, 8s 6d, 9s 6d; Slippers, 4s 6d, 5s 6d  
Children's Copper-toe Elastic-side Boots, 7s 6d  
Dunedin and Christchurch made Watertights, 18s 6d  
Elastic Sides, 12s 6d, 15s, 17s 6d.

**ALL GOODS EQUALLY REDUCED.**

The above are Cash Prices only, and any goods booked will be charged the usual price.

**W. TALBOYS,**

**LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.**

## Cromwell

[A CARD.]

**W. JOHNSTON,**

BARRISTER-AT-LAW AND

CONVEYANCER,

CROMWELL.

**NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.**

RISKS TAKEN ON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

**JAMES MARSHALL,**  
Melmore-Street, Cromwell.

**SWAN BREWERY,**  
CROMWELL.

**GOODGER AND KUHTZE,**  
Proprietors.

GOODGER AND KUHTZE are now prepared to supply their unrivalled XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Orders left with Mr G. W. GOODGER, Cromwell, or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

**GOODGER & KUHTZE.**

**F. SANSOM, SADDLER**  
AND

**HARNESS-MAKER,**

Begs to inform the public that he is carrying on business at the Premises lately occupied by Mr Raven, in Cromwell, and trusts, by strict attention and moderate charges, to merit the public patronage.

Collars, Pack-saddles, and Harness of every description made on the premises.

Repairs done on the shortest notice.

**HENRICH BEHRENS,**  
having purchased from Mr La Fontaine the business lately carried on by him in Cromwell as

**WHEELWRIGHT AND COACH-BUILDER,**  
Begs to announce that he will carry on the same as before, in the premises opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

Good work guaranteed; and prices moderate.

Repairs promptly executed.

**OO T NIELSENETH I**  
We respectfully beg to invite the public to avail themselves of this opportunity.  
AT A GREATLY REDUCED PRICE.  
class of goods  
shortly expected, we have resolved to sell every Store, and to make room for large consignments  
Owing to the very limited accommodation at

**SAMUEL L. N. J. I**

CROMWELL

**VETERINARY SHOEING FORGE,**

Next door to

KIDD'S CROMWELL HOTEL.

**ROBERT WISHART,**

General Blacksmith, Farrier, Machinist, &c.,  
Begs to intimate to the public that he has purchased the business from Mr EDWARD LINDSAY, as Farrier and Blacksmith, and hopes by paying strict attention to business, and turning out good substantial work of all kinds, guaranteed, to merit a continuance of public support.

R. W. begs to intimate to the public generally that he has purchased the CAST-IRON BFD for TIRING WHEELS from Mr LINDSAY, being the first introduced up-country; and in this branch he will guarantee to give every satisfaction.

Horses shod on the latest and most approved principle.

Light Shoes . . . . 12s.  
Draught do. . . . 17s.

**R. WISHART,**  
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

**CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.**

The Library contains an extensive variety of Books in every department of literature; and about £40 worth of New Works is expected to arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual subscription, £1 1s; Half-yearly, 12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

**THE CROMWELL BAKERY.**

**J. SCOTT,**

**BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,**

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

## Cromwell.

C O A O H I N G  
NOTICE.

THOMAS GILMOUR

Begs to announce to the public that after 1st January, 1875, he will run a coach as follows:—

Between Cromwell and CARDRONA, leaving Cromwell every TUESDAY morning and returning every WEDNESDAY afternoon.

Every exertion made to ensure punctuality.

Parcels carried at reasonable rates, and carefulness in delivery, etc., to be depended upon.

## SHARES FOR SALE.

The Undersigned has for sale:

Elizabeths  
Stars  
Carrick Waters  
Bendigo Deep Tunnels  
Lucknows  
Colonial Banks.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,  
Sharebroker.

P R O S P E C T U S  
OF THE  
CARRICK GREAT QUARTZ TUNNELLING  
COMPANY,

To be registered under the Mining Companies Act.

Capital £15,000,  
In 60,000 shares of 5s. each.

## PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS.

Mr Logan Mr Taylor Mr Goodger  
Mr Grant Mr Lawrence Mr Bennett  
Mr Jolly Mr J. Stuart Mr Kidd  
Mr Towan Mr S. Williams Mr Richards  
Mr Gudgeon Mr Arndt Mr Murrell

## TREASURER.

Mr C. E. Gudgeon, Bank of New Zealand.

## SECRETARY.

Mr Chas. Colclough, Accountant.

The promoters of this undertaking, being aware that the auriferous resources of the Carrick Range are not being satisfactorily developed, so as to benefit the mining community of the district generally, and feeling confident that a vast amount of hidden wealth lies undeveloped at a great depth in the heart of the auriferous mountain on the surface of which are to be found the Star of the East, Heart of Oak, Elizabeth, and at least 20 other gold-bearing reefs, confidently present this prospectus to the favourable consideration of the public.

It is proposed to penetrate the Border Chief hill by a tunnel from Smith's Gully, near the junction of the two branches of that gully, to a distance of about 1500 yards in a south-westerly direction, crossing at a vast depth all the reefs and leaders between the Border Chief and the Heart of Oak claims, under which last claim the tunnel will be about 1500 feet in depth.

In consequence of the extensive character of the above undertaking, it is determined to procure a first-class rock-drill, which it is confidently believed will revolutionise the present tedious and expensive method of piercing rock.

The promoters have made application for a special area of ground, and as a large number of persons will avail themselves of the share list now presented, they have every confidence of a favourable reply from the Government. They ask 150 yards on each side of the tunnel for its whole length.

The facilities for carrying on extensive quartz crushing works at the mouth of the proposed tunnel are excellent, and as there is a probability of such works being extensive in the event of a successful prosecution of the proposed undertaking, it is of importance that attention should be directed to it.

Being aware of the great success achieved by the promoters of a scheme of a similar character at Bendigo, and also knowing that similar schemes have met with marked success at the Thames, the promoters have considerable confidence in offering the present speculation to the public. They have no hesitation in declaring it the most promising speculation that has yet appeared for acceptance by the public, whether viewed as one for individual profit or as one contributing to solve the great question of the value of quartz reefs at the greatest depths obtainable by tunnel.

The promoters do not seek any compensation excepting a refund of trifling preliminary expenses, so that all money called up will be actually expended in prosecuting the work.

The first known reef will be crossed at (say) 400 feet, being the "Border Chief," which yielded at the rate of six ounces to the ton on the top; after which other reefs may be crossed at every ten to fifty feet, as per surface indications.

The share list will remain open at Cromwell, Quartzville, and Dunedin, and applications will be proportionately allotted, without any exceptions.

A deposit of one penny per share must accompany each application, and a halfpenny must be paid on allotment, after which monthly calls of one halfpenny, (and not exceeding one penny without special resolution of shareholders,) shall be payable towards carrying on the works.

Applications to be made, enclosing deposit, to Mr BENNETT, Quartzville; W. O. BALL, Dunedin; or to the undersigned, Cromwell.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,  
Hon. Secretary.

## Queenstown

D. POWELL & CO.,  
AUCTIONEERS,

COMMISSION AND GENERAL AGENTS,  
AND ACCOUNTANTS,  
QUEENSTOWN.

All auction sales, commissions, or agencies entrusted to us will receive prompt and careful attention.

Account sales and cash rendered without delay.

Sale of Horses, Cattle, and General Merchandise in our new Auction Bazaar,

EVERY SATURDAY.

D. P. & Co. have been favoured with agencies from several of the First Business Houses in Dunedin. Price lists and samples always on hand. Wool received, stored, and forwarded for sale to Dunedin.

Agent in Cromwell:

CHARLES COLCLOUGH.

## Bannockburn

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,  
QUARTZVILLE.

CHARLES PEAKE,  
Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour him with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM,  
fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables

AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE,  
with careful groom always in attendance.

183. CHARLES PEAKE.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,  
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,

(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.P.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND,  
General

BLACKSMITH & FARRIER,

Begs to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that he has removed to

QUARTZVILLE,

where he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable charges, to merit a share of the public patronage.

ADAMS'S GULLY COAL-PIT,  
BANNOCKBURN.

GEORGE COCKBURN

Begs to inform the Inhabitants of the Cromwell and Bannockburn Districts that he has opened a Coal-Pit as above, and is prepared to supply Coal of first-class quality and in any quantity at lowest current rates.

Large consumers contracted with on reasonable terms.

## N O T I C E

The undersigned begs to intimate that in future an EXPRESS will leave Quartzville every FRIDAY MORNING for Cromwell, returning the same EVENING.

Leaves Quartzville at 9; Leaves Cromwell at 1. Passengers and Parcels carried.

CHARLES PEAKE.

BANNOCKBURN PUBLIC  
LIBRARY.

After Monday, April 27th, the Bannockburn Library will be in the SCHOOLMASTERS RESIDENCE, Smith's Gully.

Terms of Subscription:

Five Shillings entrance fee; and One Shilling a Month, payable quarterly in advance.

## Bannockburn

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD  
AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,

Begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the increasing requirements of those districts, he has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.

## ALL CURES MADE EASY

## HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcers, Sores, Bad Breasts, and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern, they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey, Mumps, and all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

Scofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that almost all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes and Sandflies	Scurvy
Coco-bay	Sore Heads
Chiefo-foot	Tumours
Chilblains	Ulcers
Fistulas	Wounds and Yaws
Gout	Cancers
Glandular Swellings	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Lumbago	Elephantiasis
Piles	Chapped Hands
Rheumatism	Corns (soft)

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

At the Good Templar's reception of Mr Hastings, the American delegate, it was stated that of the three thousand members of the order in the North Island, seven hundred and fifty was the lowest number of those who had fallen away.

## English Statistics of Drunkenness.

The official returns just published of the number of persons charged before Magistrates in England and Wales with being drunk, or both drunk and disorderly, during the year ending at Michaelmas, 1873, contain some remarkable figures. During the ten years then completed, the number of these persons has almost doubled, having risen from 94,846 to 182,941. The increase has been principally during the last six years of the decade, and especially during the last one of all, in which the increase was no less than 32,000. Whether this remarkable spurt is due to the passing of a new Intoxicating Liquors Act, to greater police activity, the higher wages paid to the working classes, or to all these causes combined, it is scarcely possible to definitely determine. Read in the light of a paper contributed to the Social Science Congress by Dr Gibb, medical officer of the Monkland Iron Co., the statistics would seem to point to the increased pay of the working classes as the principal agent in swelling the list of drunkards. Dr Gibb's paper showed that in the extensive mining districts near Glasgow, the increase in wages in 1873 as compared with 1872 was concurrent with an increase in crime of from 111 to 260 per cent., and an increase of fines of from 163 to 500 per cent. There is no reason to think that the Lanarkshire miners were miners above all their brethren in the Kingdom, and the conclusion therefore seems inevitable that, in spite of all that is said about the enlightenment of the classes who live by manual labour, and in spite of all that has been done to inspire them with nobler aims than the gratification of their animal appetites, too many of them still find their chief enjoyment in lowering themselves below the level of the brute creation.

## VARIETIES.

Why are ladies the biggest thieves in existence?—Because they steal their petticoats, bone their stays, crib their babies, and hook their dresses.

THE CENTENNIAL REPORTER.—A reporter has excited the envy of all the other reporters by doing up his items in rhyme. This is his style:—

"A solemn-eyed man, with a wart on his nose,  
Created a great deal of mirth,  
By stamping his toe in front of a bank,  
And sitting flat down on the earth.

The horse was driven by E. H. MacGuire—  
Who thinks he is some on the drive—  
Got frightened and spilled Mac out in the street,  
But they say he was picked up alive.

Mrs Hiltiber's back is as rigid as stone,  
And she wants a divorce on the spot,  
But her old man, as she's willing to swear,  
For her makes it unpleasantly hot."

"Phairest of the phair," sighed a lover,  
"Phancy my phellings when I phorsees the  
phearful consequences of our phleeling from your  
phather's phamily. Phew phellows could have  
phaced the music with so much phortitude as I  
have; and as phickle phortune phails to smile  
upon our love, I phind myself phoreed to phorego  
the pleasure of becoming your husband. Phair  
Phrances, pharwell phor ever." "Hold, Phranklin,  
hold!" screamed Phrances; "I will phollow  
you phor ever." But Phranklin phled, and  
loving Phrances phainted.

"Minnie, I'm in such a quandary; for if I  
turn my back on Charley he becomes offended at  
once, and if I don't he can't see my new buckle.  
What shall I do?"

"I shall awaken in Paradise with thee, love,"  
wrote a fair young girl before she took arsenic.  
But she took too much for a death dose, and  
awoke with a stomach-pump down her throat.

An American literary gentleman and poet  
writes in mockery of his cold in the following  
bitter (beer) spirit:—

The bood is beabig brightly, love,  
The stars are shidig too;  
While I am gazig dreabily,  
Add thigkig love of you;  
You caddot, oh, you caddot know,  
My darlig, how I biss you—  
(Oh, whadt a fearful cold I've got—  
Ok-tish-u! Ok-ck-tish-u!)

TIT FOR TAT.—An Iowa editor who attended  
a party was smitten with the charms of a fair  
young damsel who wore a rose on her forehead,  
and thus gushed about it:—

"Above her nose there is a rose;  
Below that rose there is a nose.  
Rose, nose, nose, rose,  
Sweet rose, dear nose.

Below her chin there is a pin;  
Above that pin there is a chin.  
Pin, chin, chin, pin,  
Sweet pin, dear chin."

Whereupon a rival editor thus apostrophises the  
Iowa chap:—

"Above the stool there is a fool;  
Below the fool there is a stool.  
Stool, fool, fool, stool,  
Old stool, damphool.

Below his seat there are two feet;  
Above these feet there is a seat.  
Seat, feet, feet, seat,  
Soft seat, big feet."

A small boy, telling his "pals" how he came  
to be detected stealing apples in a grocery store,  
proceeded thus: "Well, I don't care so durned  
much about bein' seen, but the clerk was cross-  
eyed, an' I thought he was watchin' a dorg fight  
'cross the street, but he was lookin' square onto  
me, an' he helped me clean into the gutter!"—  
*Terre Haute Express.*

A communication to the *Paris Academy*  
condemns the use of shot in cleaning bottles,  
as practised in many households, on the  
ground that carbonate of lead may be formed  
in shaking them with water, and that some  
shot, with their not inconsiderable amount  
of arsenic, may possibly remain in the bottle.



# PROSPECTUS OF THE YOUNG AUSTRALIAN QUARTZ MINING COMPANY, CARRICK RANGE.

Registered under the Mining Companies Act,  
1872.

Capital £9000, in 1800 Shares of £5 each.

The Proprietors of the Mine, Messrs Williams and Edwards, who have both been long and favourably known in the district as thoroughly practical and competent quartz miners, intend offering about 800 of these Shares to the public. It is admitted by all acquainted with the Carrick Range that this is by far the most valuable mine in the district. It has been thoroughly opened up and prospected, and a Lease of Ten Acres has been secured.

The mine was taken up by the present proprietors in November 1872. During 1873, after it had been prospected by shaft, a tunnel was put in and the reef cut at about 85 feet from the surface; 700 tons were taken out and crushed, with a yield of 752½ ozs., or an average of 21½ dwts. per ton. The mine being situated a distance of two miles from any mill, and cartage being a very serious item, it was determined to erect crushing machinery on the ground. The Courroy's Gully mill—a first-class plant, supplied by Messrs Kincaid, McQueen, and Co. of Dunedin—was purchased, and has been erected on the ground at a cost of about £1000. During 1874, from six to ten men were employed in prospecting and opening up the mine. A distance of 250 feet has been driven along the reef, rises have been put up at intervals of about 40 feet, and two shafts sunk with the reef to the water level, 93 feet below the present workings. The only stone crushed during the present season was taken from these prospecting drives in different parts of the mine. The quantity crushed was 150 tons, which gave 187 ozs. 2 dwts., or nearly 25 dwts. per ton.

The height of stone over head along the 250 feet driven is 80 feet. Of this about one-half has been taken out and crushed with the result already stated. Two shafts have also been sunk 93 feet below the present level to the water; the reef all through, where opened up, runs from eighteen inches to six feet in depth.

During the progress of the work last year, a second reef was discovered, running parallel to the other, at a distance of forty feet; and this was driven along for some length. The reef averaged two feet in thickness, and gave prospects of from twelve to fifteen pennyweights per ton. None of this was crushed, as the mill was then in course of erection.

The mine is situated close to the termination of the Carrick Water Company's race, and sufficient water is now available to drive the mill; and as the latter is placed close to the mouth of the tunnel, working expenses will be very light. Six dwts. per ton is considered an ample margin to cover the cost of raising and crushing. The proprietors estimate that there is sufficient stone in sight to keep the mill going for three years, with most of the dead work done. A shaft has been sunk in the Company's lease about 100 feet from the end of the present workings, and the reef, with similar prospects, has been struck at a depth of 60 feet from the surface.

Mr Samuel Williams, one of the proprietors, so well known as a mine manager at Bendigo and the Carrick, will continue as manager of the mine. He intends, while the present stone is being worked, to put in a tunnel which would strike the reef about 300 feet deeper than the present level; it would not be a very long one, as the nature of the country presents unusual facilities for this purpose.

The shares will be issued fully paid up, with the mine and plant free from all liabilities. Of the 1800 shares the present proprietors will retain 800. 200 will be set aside as a reserve fund, and the dividends from these allowed to accumulate, so that there will be no need for calls, the fear of which deters so many from speculating in mining property. The remaining 800 will be placed in the market.

Applications for Shares to be made to Mr M. W. HAWKINS, Broker, Dunedin; or to  
JAMES MARSHALL,  
Mining Agent, Cromwell.

## NOTICE.

I hereby authorise C. W. WRIGHT to Collect all Debts due to me.

ISAAC WRIGHT.

All Debts now due to Mr ISAAC WRIGHT must be paid to me without delay, or proceedings will be taken to recover the same without further notice.

C. W. WRIGHT.

January 12, 1875.

## FOR SALE.

The IRON FLUMING across the Clutha River, erected by Mr Jules La Fontaine; with a right to one sluice-head of water from Firewood Creek, sluice-boxes, tools, &c.

For particulars apply to

JAS. MARSHALL.

## BANNOCKBURN AND CARRICK RANGE MINERS' ASSOCIATION.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Members of the Association is adjourned to WEDNESDAY EVENING, 27th January.

A full attendance is respectfully requested, as President and Committee for the ensuing year will be elected.

JOSEPH L. MOORE,  
President.

## ILLEGAL OCCUPATION of CROWN LANDS.

Notice is hereby given, that all persons occupying Crown Lands without authority will be proceeded against.

J. T. THOMSON,

Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Crown Lands Office,

Dunedin, 30th Dec. 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mining Lease. Application of GEORGE B. DOUGLAS, for 16 acres of Land situate at Bendigo Gully, has been WITHDRAWN, and the land is open for occupation by holders of miners' rights, business licenses, &c.

D. REID,

Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,

Dunedin, 5th January 1875.

## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that applications of whatsoever nature relating to Goldfields or Gold Mining matters, will only be considered by the Government when forwarded through the Warden of the District in which the applications are made, and to which the applications refer.

D. MACKEILLAR,

Goldfields Secretary.

January 11, 1875.

THE Half-yearly MEETING of the BENDIGO DEEP LEVEL COMPANY will be held at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on TUESDAY, 26th January, at 6 p.m.

JAS. MARSHALL,

Manager.

## ELIZABETH QUARTZ MINING COMPANY, REGISTERED.

A Fifth Call of 3s. per Share has been made payable on WEDNESDAY, 10th February 1875, at the Office of the Manager, Melmore-terrace, Cromwell.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH.

## CROMWELL WATERWORKS.

Under authority of the Municipal Corporations Waterworks Act, 1872.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the Plan and Book of Reference required by the above Act, showing the properties about to be acquired by the Corporation for carrying out the proposed Waterworks, and the positions and the names of the present occupiers of the same, have been deposited at the Office of the Town Council, and may be inspected during reasonable hours for a period of three calendar months from the date hereof.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Town Clerk.

9th January 1875.

## SEVEN PER CENT. DEBENTURES. £2000.

Under authority of the Municipal Corporations Waterworks Act, 1872.

The CORPORATION of CROMWELL is prepared to receive Applications for 40 DEBENTURES of £50 each, at the minimum price of £48 each, up to the 10th of February 1875.

A deposit of £5 per debenture must be paid on application, and balance before noon on 10th February, from which date each debenture will bear interest.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Town Clerk.

Applications will be duly numbered on receipt, and will be dealt with consecutively.

## FOR SALE.

A SHARE in WESTMORELAND WATER-RACE, CLAIM, and TOOLS.

Apply to

THOMAS ESCOTT,

Willow Cottage.

## New Advertisements.

## CROMWELL KILWINNING LODGE (S.C.)

An EMERGENCY MEETING will be held on Wednesday Evening, February 3.

Business: Initiations.

By order of the R.W.M.

ALL PERSONS depasturing cattle on the Cromwell Commonage must TAKE OUT LICENSES and REGISTER THEIR BRANDS, or proceedings will be taken against them forthwith.

A. R. B. THOMSON,

Inspector of Depasturing Districts.

## WANTED, a Female SERVANT. One

accustomed to children. Apply to

Mrs E. MURRELL,

Inniscore street.

## WANTED, a Smart, Active Lad.

Apply to

J. SOLOMON.

## WANTED, a First-class COOK. Ap- ply immediately Starkey's Kawarau Hotel.

WANTED immediately, FOUR good HOUSE CARPENTERS. Highest wages for good hands.

JAMES TAYLOR,

Builder, &c.

## T O L E T.

A TWO-ROOMED COTTAGE; also, a FOUR-ROOMED COTTAGE. Apply

JOHN MARSH,

Bridge Hotel.

## STARTING OF THE YOUNG AUSTRALIAN MACHINE.

The Proprietors of the above Machine beg to intimate that it will be Christened on MONDAY NEXT, February 1, at one p.m.

Refreshments will be provided, and the Proprietors will be glad to welcome as many of the Public as can find it convenient to attend.

EDWARDS & WILLIAMS,

Proprietors.

## CROMWELL LOCAL HOSPITAL.

A Meeting of the BUILDING COMMITTEE will take place at the Town Hall on THURSDAY EVENING, at half-past 8 p.m.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Secretary.

## ELIZABETH QUARTZ MINING COMPANY, REGISTERED.

TENDERS are invited till 5 p.m. on SATURDAY, 30th January, for Continuation of Company's Tunnel another 100 feet, or strike the Reef. Specifications same as last contract.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,

Manager.

## STAR OF THE EAST QUARTZ MINING COMPANY, REGISTERED.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

From June 30, 1874, to January 5, 1875.

Dr.

Balance in Bank New South Wales	569	12	1
To gold, 1049ozs. 16dwts. ...	4013	0	3
Cross entry ...	51	0	0
	4633	12	4

Cr.

By dividends ...	960	0	0
Wages ...	1345	5	1
Tools and materials ..	333	6	10
Cartage ...	161	11	6
Purchase of machine ...	445	0	10
Crushing ...	690	0	0
Liabilities of Machine Co., under award ...	376	1	1
Coals ...	53	7	0
Manager and petty cash ...	56	13	8
Directors' fee for 20 months ...	50	0	0
Loss on one cake of gold ...	23	9	5
Cross entry ...	51	0	0
Bank interest, &c. ...	10	14	0
Balance in Bank ...	77	2	11
	4633	12	4

JAMES MARSHALL,

Manager.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE.

ALL ACCOUNTS owing to the present Proprietary of this Newspaper must be settled on or before WEDNESDAY, the 3rd day of February proximo, as on that day a change in the Proprietorship is to take place.

J. A. MATTHEWS.

Argus Office, Cromwell, Jan. 18, 1875.

## BIRTH.

On the 23rd inst., at Cromwell, Mrs OWEN PERCE, of a son.

The Press agency have telegraphed from Wellington as follows:—"We have it on undoubted authority that there has been a gigantic conspiracy in Russia, though the fact had been officially denied. It was intended to assassinate the Governors of fourteen provinces. Some of the best families in the country are implicated. Young ladies have been arrested and sent to Siberia. The inhabitants of two whole villages have also been sent there." The Daily Times says it would have been far more satisfactory had the Press Agency given us some clue to the source from which they received this news. It is not probable that the Agency has an emissary in the confidence of the conspirators, and, if we knew where the information was obtained, we should be better able to form an opinion as to its reliability.

## Cromwell Argus,

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1875.

The Town Council at their last meeting took the subject of mail arrangements into consideration, and the action they took will be seen on reference to our report elsewhere. They propose that a Cromwell mail shall be made up in Dunedin for transmission by the coach which arrives at Clyde via Hogburn on Saturday night, and this is a perfectly reasonable request. Why the authorities should have ever stopped the old plan is a mystery. It turns out that a mail does reach Clyde from Dunedin on Saturday night,—not a Cromwell mail, but only one for Clyde; that is to say, the Clyde people are in possession of Dunedin papers on the Saturday night which we do not get until Tuesday morning. This new arrangement, by which we are put in a very backward state as regards Dunedin news, seems all the more silly when it is remembered that Messrs Ord and Parsons had, previous to the New Year, agreed with the Chief Postmaster to bring on a coach to Cromwell on the Saturday night, specially for the purpose of giving us our mail on that night instead of on Monday morning. Surely, therefore, the Chief Postmaster will see no difficulty in granting the request of the Town Council in this matter; certainly he will, if he studies the convenience of the residents of this district. With regard to the Council's request as to the Nevis mail, the Carrickton people have already memorialised the Chief Postmaster for a return to the old arrangement, by which their mail was dispatched from Cromwell on Monday, instead of Saturday as now. We do not know the reasons which induced the Council to ask for a change to Tuesday, but surely this was a mistake in view of the memorial from Carrickton.

Mr George Fache sold the Alta machine and plant by auction yesterday, at Starkey's Kawarau Hotel. The whole of the property offered was purchased in one lot by Mr James Hazlett for the sum of £315,—an extraordinarily cheap figure.

It gives us pleasure to be able to state that no further cases of fever have made themselves manifest in the town, and that there appears every reason to believe the disease will be confined to the two cases at present under treatment. The patients are reported to be progressing very favourably. Every care is taken by the medical gentleman in attendance to prevent the chance of contagion. The Town Council, we are pleased to say, have done all in their power in the matter. Chloride of lime has been distributed, according to their directions, in all the back premises around the town, and the measures they have taken have gone far to allay all feelings of anxiety and alarm on the part of the residents.

The only business of interest transacted at the last sitting of the Waste Land Board was the following:—"A report was received from the District Land Officer at Clyde on Mr Henry Campbell's application for a pre-emptive right of 548 acres on Run 239. It was resolved that an agricultural lease should be granted."

We have received a copy of Mackay's Otago Goldfields Almanac for 1875. This is the twelfth year of publication, and the almanac seems to be more full of information than ever. It has long held a leading place amongst such publications, and well deserves to retain such a place. The price is half-a-crown. Mr Max Gall is the agent in Cromwell, we believe.

Dr Webster has resigned his seat in the Government and the Provincial Council. He proceeds to England by the Calypso.

In addition to the business mentioned in our last as having been transacted at the Athenaeum Committee meeting,—the resolution to go on with the construction of a reading-room at once, namely,—the following were the matters of most interest:—It was resolved to insure the Athenaeum building to the extent of £1100, £500 in favour of the mortgage, and £600 in favour of the Committee. Mr MacKellar handed in his resignation as Vice-President of the Committee, stating his inability through want of time to attend to the duties. His resignation was accepted with regret, and a vote of thanks was tendered for past services. Mr Baird was elected in his stead. Messrs Colclough and MacKellar were appointed a sub-committee to procure £30 worth of books.

A telegraph station is now opened at Herbert (Otepopo), in this Province.

Mr Ulrich returned from his visit to the Lakes and Arrow districts by last Wednesday's coach, and the same evening proceeded to Bendigo, with the view of making an inspection of the Lucknow Company's tunnel. Mr Ulrich was accompanied by the Goldfields Secretary and Mr H. J. Cope. On their arrival at the Lucknow claim, the manager, Mr Besanko, refused the party admission. Mr MacKellar demanded admittance for himself and Mr Ulrich, by virtue of their commission from the Provincial Government, and it was only on these terms that Mr Besanko would allow them into the tunnel. Mr Cope, as reporter, he would not allow inside, and the other gentlemen, he gave them plainly

to understand, were only admitted from fear of consequences. The refusal of the manager of a public company to admit a reporter to a claim has been so often commented upon and its folly pointed out, that little need be said on such a subject. In this case, in the face of the telegrams sent by Mr Besanko himself, and published in the Dunedin papers, his conduct seems especially strange and unaccountable. Professor Ulrich gives no—or but little—hopes of the discovery being of a valuable nature, and is firmly of the opinion that it is not the reef but merely a blow which has been struck. The Professor returned the same evening, and on Friday and Saturday, still accompanied by Mr MacKellar, he visited and examined the Rough Ridge reefs. Thence on Monday he proceeded alone to Maorae, and there his investigations will cease, we believe, except with regard to reefs in the neighbourhood of Dunedin. His report may be looked for probably in the month of March; it will be awaited with much interest.

We have to draw attention to the advertisement in another column, concerning the christening of the Young Australian machine on Monday next.

A fire occurred at the Chinese camp, Nevis Crossing, on Sunday last, whereby one of the huts was destroyed. Five Chinese resided in it, and these lost all their property, while some of them also lost sums of money ranging from L.40 to L.70. The most of the Chinese who reside in the camp were up the Nevis township, while those who were at home were described as having simply run about wringing their hands, pulling their tails, and "too-na-ma"-ing, instead of taking any measures to put out the fire. The Nevis river runs close by, so that it is possible that a little exertion might have resulted in the saving of the hut, or at least of some of the property.

On Saturday last (says the *Bruce Herald*) Mr Berney was down at the river side with his son, who had a wood hen which he dropped into the water, and on attempting to recover it he discovered a large eel had seized it and so he let it go, and uttering an exclamation attracted his father's attention, who fired and shot the eel through the neck, and his dog taking to the water retrieved this queer game and landed it. The eel proved to weigh about 14lb.

A terrific thunderstorm passed over the Motupipi Valley, Nelson, a few days since. A correspondent of one of the local papers mentions that the lightning struck five of his sheep dead, four ewes and one wether. They were found so as to form a circular ring about ten yards in diameter, all their heads being northward. Three out of the five dead sheep had a mark, two feet long by one inch wide, as though a red hot iron had been run along their sides. The wool was burned down on each side of the mark and the skin was left quite bare.

An inventor has submitted to the French Minister of War a boat to contain four soldiers fully equipped. The boat folds up like an umbrella, and can be carried under the arm equally as well, and with very trifling additional incumbrance on the back of a knapsack. It is composed of fine ribs of whalebone and steel and canvas.

By advertisement in a Dunedin paper, John Tyson challenges George Robertson (the Maori), Ben. Hoare, or any other man in Otago, to wrestle in the North Country style for the sum of £50 a side, on or before Thursday, the 28th instant.

A Chinaman named Chung Chee, who stabbed another named You Chee in an affray at Skippers recently, has been committed to the Supreme Court.

The first stone of the bridge over the Molyneux at the Teviot, was laid on Monday last. The bridge is to be a laminated arch with stone abutment having a span of 170 feet, and will be a handsome addition to provincial bridge architecture.

At Ohinemuri a gold-bearing reef has been found by Ridmore, of the Thames, who speaks well of the creeks, and says the country is very rough and difficult to prospect; but thinks that Ohinemuri River will be a good poor man's diggings. The reefs require capital to develop them. He does not believe that alluvial gold will be found in payable quantities. A number of Australian diggers came over by the Wonga, and proceeded to the Upper Thames, to await the proclamation of the opening.

The Presbyterian Synod, which has been sitting in Dunedin, carried the overture in favor of the introduction of instrumental music by 19 to 16.

For smuggling tobacco, at Auckland, the captain of the schooner Dauntless has been fined in sums amounting altogether to £225.

The yield of gold in Otago for 1874 shows a falling off of 30,709 ounces—114,214 ounces against 145,024 in 1873. Cromwell this year heads the list with 25,305 ounces as against 19,947 ounces last. With the exception of Tokomairiro and Macraes, all the other districts show a decline.

The Auckland *Echo* says that there cannot be a doubt that in time New Zealand will be the sanatorium of Australia, and probably India. One of the Victorian judges, his Honor Judge

Molesworth, was recently a passenger by the a.s. Alhambra from Melbourne, and he pays New Zealand a visit in search of health.

We believe the Rev. Jackson Smith resigns charge here as pastor of St. Peter's Episcopal Church about the 30th instant, greatly to the regret of the members of his congregation. The Rev. Mr Jones, of Clyde, is his successor.—*Wakatip Mail*.

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

### DUNEDIN.

MONDAY, 7.35 p.m.

A man named Claffey, a recent arrival, died from typhus fever at Kensington on Friday night.

In the case of Blakely v. Rolland, a claim for damages for false imprisonment, the jury found a verdict for plaintiff, damages £150.

Captain Mitchell, of the ship *Jessie Readman*, died in Wellington on Friday night.

A serious stabbing case occurred at North-east Valley on Saturday morning. A person named Holmes, a breeder of pigs in the Valley, had in his employ a man named John Walter. On Saturday morning, they were killing pigs, when an altercation arose and Holmes knocked off Walter's hat, whereupon the latter took the knife he was using, and stabbed Holmes in the left side. The knife penetrated the lungs. Holmes lingered until eleven o'clock last night, when he died. Walter was charged at the R.M.'s Court today with the murder, and was remanded pending an inquest to-morrow.

In the Supreme Court this morning, it was intimated that the slander case, *Malaghan v. Wenkheim*, could not be taken before Wednesday.

Kate Ryder, the woman who was thrown down the embankment in Clark-street on the 14th instant, by some man who is unknown, died yesterday morning. At the inquest on the body to-day, the jury returned a verdict of manslaughter.

At to-day's sitting of the District Court, the case of *Carrick v. Pyke* was further adjourned for one month.

## CROMWELL KILWINNING LODGE.

### INSTALLATION CEREMONY.

The installation of officers for the current year in the above lodge took place in the Athenæum Hall, (which is now the lodge-room of the body,) on Wednesday last, the 20th instant. The Rev. Joshua Jones, R.W.M. of the Dunstan Lodge, was the presiding officer, and in the ceremony of installation he was assisted by Bro. J. A. Preshaw, P.M. of the Cromwell Lodge. Bro. C. E. Nicholas officiated as organist. The following is a list of the officers installed:—R.W.M., Bro. C. F. Johnson; S.M., Bro. H. Behrens; D.M., Bro. W. Bell; S.W., Bro. J. W. Escott; J.W., Bro. W. Taylor; S.D., Bro. C. W. Wright; J.D., Bro. J. Crombie; I.G., Bro. J. Escott; Stewards, Bros. J. Stuart, R. A. Brown, and J. S. Burres; Treasurer, Bro. J. Taylor; Secretary, Bro. J. Marshall; Tyler, Bro. R. Moore.

### INSTALLATION BALL.

In the evening, a Ball was given by the Brethren of the Lodge, for which invitations were issued in great number. The attendance was very large, fifty couples, at least, being present, and the spacious Athenæum Hall being found to be quite small enough to accommodate the party, several of whom came from Clyde, while from the Arrow also there were visitors. The programme of dances was not got through until five o'clock next morning, and even then one or two of the "events" had to be omitted. Mr E. Barnes acted as M.C., and a notice of the affair without awarding him every praise for the manner in which he fulfilled his duties would be altogether incomplete. Everything was arranged in first-class style, and the ball may be described as never having been excelled out of Dunedin. The Clyde Brass Band supplied the music, and their credit is so fully established that little further requires to be said. Their playing all the evening was excellence itself, and when Mr MacKellar, on behalf of the members of the Lodge, called for a vote of thanks to the Band, the heartiness of the applause given testified most enthusiastically to the pleasure with which their services had been received. Mr MacKellar also thanked the company for their attendance, and expressed a belief, an expression which everybody seemed anxious to corroborate, that all had enjoyed themselves. Mr Nettlefold, on behalf of the Clyde Band, replied with feeling to the vote of thanks awarded to them. The Hall was profusely and very pleasingly decorated, Messrs Webb, of Clyde, and Behres, of Cromwell, having had the management of that part of the business. Refreshments were laid out in great variety and abundance behind the stage, and every convenience was afforded those who wished to refresh the "inner man" or "woman" as the case might be. Messrs Webb and Fraser, of Clyde, were the caterers. Altogether the affair was the most successful certainly of any such in Cromwell, and we really doubt if anything like it has ever been seen out of Dunedin. "God Save the Queen," at five o'clock, played as the Clyde Band only, of up-country bands, can play it, and received with hearty cheering, brought the ball to a conclusion.

Mr A. G. Parr, a well-known Tasmanian sportsman, had a wonderful run of good fortune at the New Year's Day Race Meeting at Launceston. There were six events on the programme. Mr Parr's horses won five, and ran second in the sixth.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

### WANDERING COWS.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—While many persons are alarming themselves, perhaps unnecessarily, about the fever, it seems to me that the authorities would study the interests of the ratepayers by causing some action to be taken respecting the cattle nuisance. A number of branded cows have been allowed to wander in the public street, and have been to me not only a source of annoyance, but have actually broken tubs and other things belonging to me. On Saturday evening last they came to the back of my premises and emptied three tubs of water that I had carried from the race. There is one amongst them that is absolutely dangerous, having rushed at me several times; keeping me a prisoner in my own place, and endangering the lives of my children. I have complained to both the owners and the police, and I can't see that while I pay rates cattle should be allowed to knock about the street and damage the very property for which I am taxed. If the Corporation can't attend to the matter, why do they collect rates? It is well known that there are two stockyards close to the present race, and that these cattle are constantly breaking it down, and doing other injuries, and that the original diversion of the race was made solely on account of these stockyards. This has been a source of great inconvenience, and scarcely a night or day passes but what these intruders pay my house and garden a visit. If persons at the other end of the town are not allowed to turn their cattle loose, why should a different state of things exist in my neighbourhood? Surely Melmore-terrace was not designed to be so employed by these bovine quadrupeds. It generally takes me five hours to carry water, and I think you will admit that it is not satisfactory to me to discover that the whole of it has been consumed. I have borne this annoyance so long that I am now compelled to address you, in the hope that this letter will find space in your columns, and by so doing you will confer a favour upon yours, &c.,

ELIZABETH REID.

## GOOD TEMPLARY.

### REPLY TO "CYNIC."

"Cynic" has laid the Good Templars under no end of obligations for the various hints contained in his letter of last week. He has touched the faults of the Brotherhood with so much tenderness and truth, he has accredited them the praise due so gently and with such deep beauty of expression, and has mingled his censure and commendation so skillfully, that one could hardly believe there was such a friend in need till we met him in the ARGUS. "Cynic" has often "pondered over" the love of display among the Order. They are too demonstrative "in asserting themselves." We will, now that we know his mind, hasten to put away all gaudy things from among us, and not hold him in pondering suspense any longer; and we will lose no time in informing the kindred Orders of the friendly criticism and the sad ponderings of "Cynic," that the Foresters, Freemasons, and Oddfellowships may in future economise their means, and, with us, take the hint of frugality from this latter-day light which has sprung up among us, and banish for ever the flaunting flags and flaming colours, and apply the cost of these fripperies to more useful purposes, in deference to the humble opinion of our apostle of reform. What ponderings must our bridge openings, our American anniversaries, our foundation stone-layings have cost our honest hinter, when the blazing-coloured "scarf and apron" flared before his face, and the "gaudy banner was shouldered" in his sight, while all along his benevolent soul was agonised with the thought that these things might have been dispensed with without "detracting from the dignity of the wearers"? Lest the mean ambition of empty show should outlive his tender hint, "Cynic" quotes Scripture: "In your fasting, fast ye not before men." One would like to know in what Scripture this is to be found. Of course "Cynic" "often ponders" the Book, and knows chapter and verse. But wherever the text came from, it matters little, if the Order will take his hint of thick-coming shapes of evil that must in the end result from the use of a few sixpenny and half-crown tippets if persisted in much longer. "Cynic" gives us some useful hints upon the choice of words in our communications. We are to "refrain from the tantalising and unfeeling" expressions, "It is never too late to mend," "a brand plucked from the burning." I believe the former is from Shakespeare, and I know the latter is from the Bible. And who at this time of day will believe that the poor wight is the most unfortunate of beings who has Shakespeare and the Bible thrown at his head? There is, I must tell "Cynic," a slight difference on this subject between him and myself and millions besides. Is it unfeeling to tell a man who is fighting his way out of a whisky-bar into the clear ground of sobriety and good-living, that he is just in time—"it is never too late to mend"? But if by some half-sneering sophistry, you were to persuade him back to his old habits, would it not be right to say of him, "Here is another brand plucked into the burning"? "Cynic" gives a good hint as to how we are to deal with drunkards. He tells us it produces "unpleasant emotions" "at being told they are drunk." Well, now, suppose we become "charitable and tolerant" for once, and tell the drunkard he is sober. Would that be true or false? If the man had a grain of manliness left at the bottom of his heart, he would despise such hollow flattery, and hate the heartless deceiver that could fawn upon him in such a fashion. The drift of "Cynic's" whole letter is not to show that drunkenness is a Christian virtue certainly, but that it is an "infirmity,"—that there is

not so much difference between a life of sobriety and a life of drunkenness, after all. "The best of us are but bad." "There is not one of us who has not done something of which he is ashamed." "We must be a little blind to the faults of others." The partition between a life of sobriety and a life of drunkenness is so thin that the two states shade off into each other, and if we will be only tolerant, charitable, and a little short-sighted to others' infirmities, we shall see enough to know "that there is no perfectibility" anywhere—"none are infallible" who are human. The Good Templars may censure drunkenness, but they must be tender of the drunkard or "anyone possessing the least delicacy of feeling." If a sober man fall down in the street, and is picked up by a friend out of the mud, and a drunkard falls down and is collared by the police, the act is the same, and they are both dirty: the one has to go to the lock-up and pay a fine, the other goes on his way,—and men are apt to see a difference. But "Cynic" sees none, or next to none,—"for the best of us after all are but bad,"—and what little difference there is must not be mentioned for fear it ruffles "the least delicacy of feeling." "Cynic's" generalisation philosophy would level up the bad members of society, and level down the good ones, and by a charitable combination confound the two, and make them all bad together,—"for none are infallible." He heaps a whole column of sneering reproaches upon the Good Templars, and then gives it as his "humble opinion" that they ought to speak with bated breath and whispering tenderness of the indiscretions of others because others have "so keen a sense of honour." But let anyone who has the pluck charge "Cynic" with being bad, in the spirit of his own confession, and what would be the next thing? He would show his humble opinion by a horsewhip, or by setting half the lawyers in the district to prepare an indictment for defamation of character. Ah. "Cynic"! the voice is the voice of Jacob, but here are the hands of Esau, after all. But "Cynic" hints, with a gushing charity that never fails him, that there is room for amendment in our "exhortations and demeanour." If we could improve in these respects, many would join us; if not, many sensitive persons will be deterred. There is a sad want of kindness even among ourselves. Well, we are an institution born out of due time. Let the older fraternities set us an example; we will follow it, for we have much to learn. Does brotherly love always govern the greetings of the guild of publicans? When they meet, do they always kiss hands and keep up a jealous concern for each other's success? Is the Jockey Club an Agapemone? Is there no jar in the harmony of Building Committees and Town Councils? If "Cynic" can find one of these without sin, let it cast the first stone at the poor Templars. Brothers, sisters, you belong to the whole community of water-drinkers. You have stepped off the leperous armada on to an oaken bottom. The flag at the masthead is over you—"Britons never shall be slaves!" Let no whining sophistry persuade you that in leaving the gonty squad you in no way differ from your former selves. Break down the bridge behind you, and treat with merited scorn any who would beckon you back to old habits. Heed not the hucklebone logic that would confound a fork with a cocked hat, and fill a column to prove they are the same thing. You know they differ, and show it in the Queen's plain English, according to your use and wont, the "least delicacy of feeling," notwithstanding. In the meantime, don't be beguiled by an artless show of cheap-John kind of generosity that would persuade you that it is only an infirmity,—an indiscretion that empties your pockets, confuses your brains, that sends a wail of grief through the hearts of your children, and destroys the womanly dignity of your wives, sisters, and sweethearts. Let no marriageable woman give or receive upon her fair cheek the pledges of love from any whose breath is charged with the viperous odours of the decanter or the whisky bottle. The earth is wide enough for whisky-hells and Templars' Lodges, and there is no need for any loss of temper in fighting out the battle of sobriety against besetting indiscretion. But you may honestly tell "Cynic" to pull the beam out of his own eye, and the Good Templars will look after the mote that is in theirs. Let us close with Gilpin's loyal doxology:

Now let's sing, Long live the Queen,  
And "Cynic," long live he;  
And when he shows again in print,  
May I be there to see.

TEMPLAR.

Mr Toole has not escaped the inevitable interviewer of the New York press. The New York *Evening Mail*, of August 14, contains a column and a half of the famous comedian's impressions of America, extracted from him by a correspondent of that paper. Amongst other questions, Mr Toole was asked what he thought of Niagara. His reply was:—"Niagara is the greatest sight I ever saw. I saw it the evening I arrived, and got up before daylight to see it again in case none of the water should be left. It can't last long, anyhow; and I wrote to several of my London friends to come over soon, as I didn't believe it could go on at the same rate. I told the hotel proprietor that I never knew any performance that had such a 'long run,' but he assured me that he had made special arrangements that the fall season would continue till further notice. When we were under the falls I had to pay for my costume. This was the first time I ever paid for 'dressing up,' as I generally receive pretty large sums for putting on eccentric costumes."



## WARDEN'S COURT.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 22, 1875.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., Warden.)

## APPLICATIONS.

**Protection.**—George Chilton, 30 days for claim in Bailey's gully: no appearance.—Robert Scott and five others, 60 days for a quartz claim, Carrick: granted for four men's ground.—Peter Knudsen and five others, 60 days for quartz claim, Carrick: granted for four men's ground.—Samuel Champion, 60 days for claim at Bannockburn: granted.

**Extended Claim.**—Gee Ton and another, two acres at Nevis: granted.

**Tail Races.**—Ah Cheong and three others, 500 yards long in Smith's gully: granted, subject to the rights of the main channel in Smith's gully.—John Cavanagh and two others, 300 yards long from Bailey's gully: granted.

**Dam.**—Ah Hoe and four others, at Bannockburn: granted.

**Residence Area.**—William Masters, one acre at Witten's creek, Nevis: granted.

**Water Races.**—Gee Fan and another, three sluiceways from Deep creek, Nevis: adjourned for inquiry, all the water in the creek being believed to be granted.—Charles Feidler and five others, six sluiceways at Quartz Reef Point: objected to by Wilson and others, and granted subject to certain conditions with regard to allowing a head of water to flow down the channel of Flood's creek.

## COMPLAINT.

**Thomson v. Perriam.**—Claim of £11. Mr Johnston for plaintiff; Mr Wilson for defendant. The circumstances of the case were these:—Complainant, being the licensed holder of a water-right, transferred the right to defendant, with the condition that one Leishman should be the owner of half of the right. Leishman had been a mate of complainant, and had purchased half the water-right from him for £20, £11 of which, at the date of transfer, he still owed complainant. This £11 had been paid by Leishman to Perriam, Leishman being careless who he paid it to, so long as he could get the half-share transferred, and complainant now sued Perriam for the recovery of that sum.

The complainant was put into the box, but failed to produce evidence of a miner's right being in his possession at the time of the sale to Perriam, and the case was adjourned at his solicitor's request, to allow of the production of such evidence, if possible.

## RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 22, 1875.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R.M.)

## CIVIL CASES.

**Moore v. Gains.**—This was a case adjourned for decision, in which plaintiff claimed £1, deposited by him in defendant's hand as stakes in a bet. The Magistrate said he had noticed by the newspaper report that defendant stated in Court he had handed over the stakes to the other betting party, and if this was the case, (although he must confess he had not understood Gains to say so,) the case took on entirely new features. He must procure the evidence of Beattie, one of the parties to the bet, and would hold the case over until two o'clock for this purpose.—Beattie being in attendance at that hour, was put on oath, and said the bet was deposed against Moore, and the stakes were paid over to himself, in the presence of Moore. The Magistrate then, in giving judgment, said this was a wager pure and simple, and any action raised upon it was null and void. The stakes had been paid over, and the matter was thus beyond the jurisdiction of the Court. If the money had still remained in the hands of the stakeholder, then Moore could have recovered his £1. The case must be dismissed.

**Colclough v. Stephenson.**—Claim, £11 3s, for work and labour done as a broker and mining agent, in the attempt to float the Caledonian Quartz Mining Company. Judgment was given for £5 5s, and costs of Court.

**Matthews v. Scott.**—Claim of £11 13s, for seeds delivered, and summons amended to allow of £2 carriage being added. Mr Wilson, for plaintiff, asked that an adjournment might be granted until February 19, for the purpose of taking the evidence of the plaintiff, George Matthews, in Dunedin, and he placed J. A. Matthews in the box to give evidence in the meantime. Mr Johnston, for defendant, drew attention to the fact that J. A. Matthews was mentioned on the summons as plaintiff, and this being the case, Mr Wilson said no course remained but to apply for a nonsuit. Nonsuit granted, with costs.

## APPEAL AGAINST ASSESSMENT.

John Marsh appealed against the assessment on his property in Cromwell. The Corporation was represented by Mr Colclough, Town Clerk, who objected to the form of appeal, which did not specify particular properties or grounds of objection. The objection was held fatal, and the appeal was dismissed, Mr Marsh stating that he would then allow the Corporation to take such steps as they thought fit to recover the rates, when he would be prepared to defend any action they might take.

## RE-HEARING.

Mr Johnston applied for a re-hearing in the case of Stephenson v. Johnston, decided in plaintiff's favour last week on a point of law, which in the Magistrate's opinion placed Mr Johnston's set-off out of Court. Mr Johnston now pro-

duced authorities which altered the R.M.'s opinion, and a re-opening up of the case was agreed to by Mr Stephenson. Neither party wished to give fresh evidence, therefore the Magistrate announced that he would give his decision on a future occasion on the evidence previously before the Court.

## HAWKER'S LICENSE.

Charles Seymour's application was further adjourned for one week, applicant not being in attendance.

## MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The ordinary meeting of the above body was held in the Council Chamber on Friday evening last, the 22nd instant. There were present: The Mayor, and Crs Grant, Taylor, Talboys, Whetter, and Arndt.

## OUTWARD CORRESPONDENCE.

The minutes of last meeting having been read and confirmed, the Town Clerk read the outward correspondence, which consisted of three letters of notice to parties interested, in connection with the proposed water-scheme, and in accordance with the requirements of the Corporation Waterworks Act. These were approved.

## INWARD CORRESPONDENCE.

Two letters were read from the Provincial Secretary, Dunedin, one reiterating the refusal of the Government to the request by the Council that the Cromwell lock-up should be declared a gaol; and the other informing the Council that any one of the old police buildings they might choose would be granted to them for Fire Brigade purposes. In reply to the latter, it was resolved to write to the Government stating that the sergeant's residence would be the most suitable of the buildings, and asking for authority to occupy it without delay.

Mr J. A. Matthews wrote, asking that Mr S. N. Brown should be accepted in his stead as lessee of the ground held by him under lease from the Corporation, and his request was complied with.

## ACCOUNT.

An account from the *Daily Times* for £4 5s was referred to the Finance Committee.

## BOARD OF HEALTH.

The minutes of the proceedings at the meeting of the Council on the previous Monday as a Board of Health were then read as a report, which was received.

## SANITARY MEASURES.

The reading of the foregoing report gave rise to the consideration of the sanitary state of the town. The Board had inspected the town, and taken notes of the state of the various premises, and had recommended that the police be asked to take steps towards the prosecution of those whose premises were reported to be dirty. The Council, acting on this recommendation, resolved: "That the police be instructed to summon all those who neglect to comply with the requirements of the bye-laws dealing with the cleanliness of the town."

The Mayor said it had been brought under his notice that the carcasses of dead animals were lying in the creek in Burn Cottage gully. This water afterwards passed into the town race, and it would be as well to see if such was the case. It was resolved to instruct the dayman to inspect the creek in that gully, and if he found anything likely to cause a pollution of the water, to remove it.

## WATER SUPPLY.

Cr Arndt brought up the subject of the purity of the water supply. Frequently no water at all reached the lower end of the town, and sometimes residents there were days without supply enough for domestic purposes.

Cr Taylor was sure not more than a quarter of the proper quantity of water could find its way through the wooden boxes and iron piping into the town, while these remained in their present state, choked up with sand and greatly in want of a thorough cleaning. He thought the spending of £30 would ensure a fair quantity of water coming down, and did not think this sum should be grudged for such a purpose.

Cr Grant was afraid the job would be a very expensive one, costing at least £50, and thought it required consideration.

The following motion, proposed by Cr Taylor, seconded by Cr Talboys, was eventually carried:—"That a man be engaged to repair the boxes and clear out the pipes, under the direction of the Public Works Committee."

Several Councillors then remarked upon the side-race nuisance. The waste of water in this way was very great, and although the Council had set their face against the allowance of side-races, no change for the better had taken place; indeed, quite the reverse. Cr Whetter proposed, Cr Grant seconded, and it was carried:—"That no side-races be allowed to be used, except in connection with tanks." If this resolution was strictly carried out, it was thought the present waste would be put a stop to.

## THE NEW MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

The Mayor brought this matter under the notice of the Council, and it appeared to be the universal opinion that the town and district were much worse off under the new than under the old arrangements. Cr Talboys moved, and Cr Taylor seconded:—"That a letter be written to the Chief Postmaster, asking that a mail be made up in Dunedin to arrive in Clyde (via Hogburn) on Saturday evening, and that such mail be forwarded to Cromwell the same evening; asking also, that the days of departure from Cromwell of the Nevis and Cardrona mails be altered to Tuesdays and Thursdays."—Carried.

It was mentioned that Messrs Ord and Parsons were prepared at the beginning of

the year to bring on a coach on Saturday night from Clyde, but no mail arriving, of course they had not carried out their intention; and it was thought, therefore, there would be no difficulty in procuring delivery of the mail in Cromwell on the Saturday night.

Crs Talboys, Taylor, Arndt, and the Mayor were appointed a Committee to draw up the letter.

## THE RATES.

The Town Clerk had handed in a statement of the result of the appeal cases in Court, he having appeared on behalf of the Corporation, and Cr Grant expressed regret that the funds were in such a state as to debar any increase of the Town Clerk's salary being thought of. It was agreed to instruct the Town Clerk to take immediate steps to collect the rates.

## THE CROMWELL BRIDGE.

The rather shaky condition of the Cromwell Bridge was next commented upon. Cr Arndt proposed, Cr Whetter seconded, and it was carried:—"That the Town Council of Cromwell beg respectfully to remind the Government of the apparent bad condition of the Cromwell Bridge, and would be glad to see the intended repairs commenced as soon as possible. It would also urge the necessity of a temporary bridge while the repairs are going on, as otherwise the traffic will be completely stopped, and great loss be occasioned thereby."

## EXTENSION OF THE FOOTPATH.

It was resolved to instruct the dayman to repair the channel from Scott's corner to the Bridge, and to lay gravel along the side, so that the footpath might be continued all the way to the Bridge on that side of the main street.

## VOTE OF THANKS.

A vote of thanks to the Mayor concluded the proceedings.

## The Daily Life of the Pope.

(Weekly Register and Catholic Standard.)

Winter and summer, in spite of his eighty-two years, Pius IX. rises at half-past five, and dresses himself without any assistance. He generally wakes of himself. After some prayers he goes up to one of his private chapels, where the Holy Sacrament is always preserved, and which contains some inestimable relics; among others a fragment of the crib, and a large piece of the true cross, the veil of St. Veronica, a considerable portion of the skull of St. John the Baptist, and some of the teeth of St. Peter. He then prepares for his Mass, which he says at half-past seven in a smaller and less decorated chapel. Those persons who have obtained permission at the audiences of the previous day assist at this Mass, and receive the Holy Communion from his hand.

At the audiences in the Pope's apartments only men are received. Directly one visit is terminated, his Holiness rings a little hand-bell which is placed upon his table, and another person is introduced by the prelate in attendance.

Towards twelve o'clock or half-past the Holy Father leaves his room and proceeds to take a walk in the garden or in the library, or sometimes in the halls and galleries. On his way he meets families, deputations, and persons admitted to public audiences. He blesses and indulgences the rosaries, medals, and crosses, with which visitors are in general amply provided. He exchanges a few words with each person, he listens to their demands, and often he addresses a little discourse to them. At half-past one the Holy Father returns from his promenade. He dismisses his attendants, and again goes up to his little chapel, where he remains until two o'clock in adoration before the Blessed Sacrament. Then comes the hour of dinner. This repast is invariably composed of a *potage* and of some poultry, which is served upon a large plate, together with some broth and vegetables. (This is more in accordance with the English than with the foreign custom.) The Pope rarely touches either poultry or broth. He takes some of the vegetables, a little Roman *friture*, and some fruit. The train-bearer and private secretary of his Holiness, Mgr. Cinni, assists at these repasts. In summer the dinner is followed by a *siesta* of a quarter of an hour. The rosary and the recital of the office in the Breviary, which the Pope says daily with as much strictness as any country curé, occupies his time until four o'clock, when he takes a second walk—in the winter in the *Loges de Raphael*, and in the summer in the garden of the Vatican.

The Pope's favourite walk in the gardens is one carpeted with flowers and bordered with magnificent orange trees. He likes to rest upon an iron seat at the further end, under the shade of a weeping willow, near a fountain which is called the Fountain of Zitella, while through the railings of the neighbouring poultry-yard he throws crumbs of bread and cake to some little pigeons, whose plumage is as white as his own habit. In the very hot weather Pius IX. prefers a neighbouring walk equally scented by the perfume of the orange-trees, but far more shady, and at the end of which is a miniature *fac-simile* of the Grotto of Lourdes, with the statue of the Blessed Virgin and the miraculous fountain. Sometimes the Holy Father pursues his walk between the hedgerows and among the groves ornamented with statues and with cascades, but he never descends into the *parterre*, notwithstanding the care with which a zealous gardener has designed in gigantic characters in box the armorial bearings of the Pope, with the words, *Pio Nono, Pontifex Massimo*.

Leaning on a stick, and slightly bending forward, Pius IX. still walks bravely, and often he only sits down (as he observes with a smile) in order to give a little rest to the

weary limbs of the old Cardinals, who have some difficulty in following him! His Holiness then returns to the house and remains with the persons of his household until the hour of the Angelus, which he always says aloud, followed by a *De Profundis*.

Then the private audiences begin again, and last until supper-time. The Pope takes his third meal about nine o'clock, immediately before retiring for the night. This repast is even more simple than the preceding ones, for it is only composed of some broth with two plainly boiled potatoes, seasoned with a little salt, followed by some fruit. I do not know (adds the correspondent of the *Francis*) if many princes, or even if many private individuals would be well contented with such a bill of fare. The Holy Father retires at ten o'clock without the assistance of any *valet de chambre*, and often at this time the servant of the week, who sleeps in an adjoining room, overhears the venerable Pontiff chanting in a low voice to himself the Canticles of the Church. It is well-known that Pius IX. has a beautiful voice, powerful, sonorous, and flexible.

The Pope's bed is the bed of a collegian, being of iron, without any curtains, with the smallest piece of carpet by the bedside. It is in this very humble retreat that Pius IX. enjoys the repose which he has so laboriously earned! His Holiness sleeps with the quiet, peaceful repose of an infant. The health which he enjoys is really extraordinary for his age. Once a week his physician and his surgeon pay him a visit to fulfil the duties of their position. The Pope, with a smile, suffers them to feel his pulse, and when they have quite decided that he is without fever, Pius IX. dismisses the doctors with good-humoured affability, and with some of those kindly pleasantries for which he is so remarkable.

Trials of every kind have passed over the head of the venerable Pontiff without overcoming him, or without in any way diminishing that supernatural serenity which is like a visible aureole on his brow. The bark of Peter is accustomed to the tempest; she floats over it as if it were her native element.

## SPORTING.

We expected our Dunedin correspondent to send particulars of the Tuapeka races by telegram last night, but from some unexplained cause he has omitted to do so. For the following information we are indebted to a telegram in the *Mount Ida Chronicle*:—

## LAWRENCE RACES.

The weather on Thursday being wet and altogether unfit for racing, the races were adjourned until Friday. On that day the weather was showery in the morning, but cleared up as the day wore on. The course was very muddy.

Maiden Plate.—Traitor, 1; Bothwell, 2; Young Roebuck, 3. Won easily. The colors of the riders were hardly distinguishable after the race for mud.

Lawrence Handicap.—Tripolis, 1; Right Bower, 2; Unknown, 2.

## DUNEDIN CUP.

The following are the acceptances:—

Castaway	Traitor
Flying Dutchman	Templeton
Yatterina	Atlas
Petrobe	Right Bower
Spritsail	Tripolis
Somnambula	Hercules
Earl of Lynne	Bothwell
Ada Colt	Medicus
Kathleen	Seabird
Merryman.	

D. O'Brien has refused to accept with Tambourini, as the old horse, having won the Wellington Cup, would have to carry 10st.

## THE ESCORT.

The Northern and Southern Escorts arrive in Dunedin last Tuesday evening, with the following quantities of gold:—

	oz.	dwt.
Cromwell	...	4420 14
Blacks	...	2360 0
Mount Ida	...	2259 0
Queenstown	...	1574 15
Lawrence	...	1364 0
Switzers (two months)	...	1340 13
St. Bathans	...	1268 13
Arrow	...	697 0
Teviot	...	450 0
Alexandra	...	421 0
Waipori	...	327 0
Clyde	...	330 0
Waitahuna	...	296 0
Tokomairiro	...	282 9
Cardrona	...	280 0
Macraes	...	117 18
Palmerston	...	38 0
Tapanui	...	23 0
Total	...	17,915 3

The man Mercer has been committed for trial for the murder of the little girl at Lyttelton.

**Holloway's Pills.**—Pure Blood.—When the blood is pure, its circulation perfect, and the nerves in good order, we are well. These Pills possess a marvellous power in securing these great secrets of health by purifying, regulating, and strengthening fluids and solids. Holloway's Pills can be confidently recommended to all persons suffering from disordered digestion, or worried by nervous fancies, or neuralgic pains. They correct acidity and heart-burn, dispel sick headache, quicken the action of the liver, and act as alteratives and gentle aperients. The weak and delicate may take them without fear. Holloway's Pills are eminently serviceable to invalids of irritable constitution, as they raise the action of every organ to its natural standard, and universally exercise a calming and sedative influence.

## GENERAL NEWS.

The following, from the *Evening Star*, is explanatory of a telegram in our last issue:—In the course of an eloquent sermon delivered by Bishop Moran at St. Joseph's Catholic Church last evening—the subject being the marriage feast at Cana—his lordship administered a severe rebuke to those advocates of the temperance movement who, he said, would debar their fellow men from the moderate use of wine and other alcoholic liquors. He remarked that while no one viewed with greater detestation and horror the crime of drunkenness than himself, yet the teaching and example of Christ were totally opposed to the fanatical efforts of those who endeavoured to interfere with the undoubted right of persons to the use, but not the abuse of vinous and spirituous liquors.

From Poverty Bay comes the story of the successful transplanting of teeth. The patient, a boy of about thirteen years of age, possessed a left natural incisor, which was evidently a superfluous tooth, whilst the corresponding tooth on the right hand side was decayed and useless. A local dentist named Wilson, thinking that it would be a most favourable case for transplantation, removed the decayed tooth, extracted the lateral incisor, and inserted it in the space lately occupied by its decayed fellow. The tooth, which was duly pressed into position, at first caused some slight inflammation, but in about a week after the operation all pain subsided, and it was as firmly rooted in the jaw as if it had grown there from the commencement. The name of the child is John Brunskill, and his parents live a short distance from Napier.

Gold stealing from tail-races at Naseby still continues, but as yet no thief has been caught, though some narrow escapes from capture are reported by the local journal. The latest occurred at Saddle Hill last week. Robberies having been suspected for some time, Mr Shannon, owner of a tail-race, was on the 12th instant on the watch on a bank some 50 feet above the race. Between twelve and one o'clock a.m. he heard a movement among the tubs. Waiting some time to allow the visitor to make good his intentions, Shannon called out, "Come straight up the race, or I'll shoot you." Throwing down his tin dish the thief dashed into a tunnel in preference, receiving the contents of a double-barrelled gun, which from the flattened appearance in the morning of the No 1 shot round the edges of the race, must have proved rather a warm reception. The dish was left, and about 1½ oz. gold, which had been nicely panned off from stuff taken from the box.

Several London journals have published leaders on Mr Vogel's Polynesian scheme. The *Times* and *Spectator* are highly laudatory of his political career, but the *Economist* is strongly adverse to the commercial scheme.

At Hobart Town, a few weeks ago, a man coolly lit his pipe in church during Divine service, and was allowed to enjoy his smoke in peace.

An old English sailor has published in London a circumstantial statement, that after rescuing Roger Tichborne from a boat drifting in the Pacific, they were landed on Sydney Island, where he nursed him 18 days, till he died, and then buried him. Before his death he wrote a statement with the blood of a bird, now faded. The British Consulate at Honolulu is investigating the affair.

An Auckland correspondent, with reference to immigration matters, says:—Within the last six months, three immigrants, insane on arrival, had to be removed to the Lunatic Asylum.—On Wednesday, a young woman named Ellen Bragg, a recent arrival, was taken from the Immigration Depot to the Lunatic Asylum insane. Another young woman, Emma Naylor, subject to epileptic fits, was sent back to her friends in England. By the ship City of Auckland, four single women recently arrived who were reported to be far advanced in pregnancy, and are now being cared for at the Old Women's Refuge.

The Nelson correspondent of the Auckland *Echo* is responsible for the following:—"A true and rather good story is going the rounds just now. To appreciate it you must know that the General Government offices are in the Provincial Government buildings. The Registrar of the Supreme Court, minus a leg, walks with a crutch; the Commissioner of Crown Lands suffers from rheumatic gout and requires the assistance of a crutch and a stick; and the Registrar under the Land Transfer Act labours under some disease which compels him also to use a couple of sticks. The other day two Germans came to town for the purpose of transacting some business at the buildings, and one of them who had been in Nelson before, volunteered to show his companion the place. When they reached the buildings the first person they met was the Registrar of the Supreme Court, and, by some chance, before they had got inside the door the other two officials above mentioned came forth. The strange German turned to his companion, lifted up his hands, and cried, 'Mein Gott, Hans, you've brought me to the hospital!' This little narrative has the advantage of being true."

A great horse-race took place at Newmarket recently—England v. France—between Mr Dawson's Prince Charlie and Peut-être, (which has been Anglicised to Potato,) the latter the winner of the Cambridge-shire stakes. The match was for £500 a side, though we believe it is true that between £100,000 and £200,000 changed hands over the event. Never, perhaps, before has so much enthusiasm been evinced at Newmarket as was evinced by the victory of Prince Charlie. The old horse, grand specimen as he is of the English thoroughbred, is not un-

deservedly the idol of the public, and his victory was greeted with an amount of cheering seldom witnessed. This is his last appearance on the racecourse, and after his success he was mounted by Mr Jones, his breeder, and headed a procession through the town, the breeder, trainer, and jockey being lustily cheered in their progress. Peut-être ran well, but the son of Blair Athol won in a canter. £10,000 was offered for Prince Charlie.

In confirmation of the statement made in a Dunedin paper, that a lady was induced by the Immigration Officer to ship to Auckland by the Cospatrik, being informed that she could reach Dunedin by train, it is asserted by an Auckland journal that two men have arrived there by one of the latest vessels, en route for Dunedin. They were told, in the same office, that they could walk from Auckland to Dunedin. They landed there without a sixpence, and they find it is a "werry hard road to trabbel."

It appears that, notwithstanding stories to the contrary, "Scotch Jock" still lives and has his being and his troubles. At the Collingwood Court lately, Mrs Nesbitt, a very powerful and angry-looking woman, was charged by Miss Mary Staples with having assaulted her, and also with having employed towards her most abusive language. According to the local reports Mrs Nesbitt is best known in his locality as "Scotch Jock." He has been separated from his wife for a long time, and is doing a highly remunerative business as a horse-dealer. Nesbitt is reported to be something of a Don Juan, and some time in November last he drove Miss Staples to the races, which act of politeness so enraged and stirred up the jealousy of a woman named Voller, that she attacked Mr Nesbitt with a broomstick, and gave him such a violent beating as to cause his confinement to bed. Miss Staples nursed Nesbitt, and got a friend to send for his wife; who came, got jealous, and requited Miss Staples' kindness by beating her about the head and face. Not satisfied with the work that her fists had done, Mrs Nesbitt went to the garden gate, and from that stand-point lashed Miss Staples in a very foul manner. For the assault the defendant was fined £5, with £2 2s. costs.

The returns of gold from the Thames and Coromandel fields last year show that nearly 115,000 ozs. were produced, valued at £300,000. The most marked feature of the case is the large amount of gold obtained compared with the quantity of quartz crushed. There were nearly 1 oz. and a third obtained from every ton of quartz crushed on our goldfields.

The success of Mr Williamson and Miss Maggie Moore during their five months' season in Melbourne (says the *Leader*) was something unexampled in the history of the Colonial stage. During the period mentioned they drew from the Theatre Royal treasury as their share of the proceeds, one-half after payment of expenses, no less than £5600. This is over £1100 a month, or something better than £260 a week.

A difficult feat of surgery has been performed by Dr Beany, of Melbourne, assisted by Drs Brownless, Gilbe, Hewlett, and Teague. The patient was a lady from Otago, who had suffered some time from a congenital tumor. The excrescence had almost filled her mouth, interfering seriously with the functions of speaking and eating. In November she went to Melbourne, and there the dangerous operation of entirely removing the upper jaw was successfully accomplished. The process of mastication is now effectually accomplished by her, and her cure has been pronounced perfect.

The following is from an American Paper:—"The present state of the Beecher scandal is this: Mr Tilton has sued Mr Beecher for £20,000 damages; Mr Beecher has sued Mr Tilton for libel; Miss Proctor has sued Mr Moulton and the *Daily Graphic* for £20,000 damages; Mr Bowen has brought three actions against the Brooklyn *Eagle*; Mr Tilton has sued the *World* and the *Tribune*; and the Grand Jury have indicted Tilton and Moulton for slander. Here are eleven suits all pending, growing out of this wretched business. Meanwhile, Mr Beecher has returned to his pulpit, and was received by his congregation with 'tremendous cheers, the men waving their hats, and the ladies their handkerchiefs.'

It appears that the man John Mercer now in custody at Christchurch, charged with the murder of the girl Thomson, is identical with John Robinson Mercer, who was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment on October 6, 1873, at Dunedin, for a common assault upon a little girl 10 years of age. In connection with this case, it may be stated that in August, 1873, the prisoner met the little girl in William-street, and asked her to show him the way to Mornington. The girl consented, and when they were near the Cattle Market, the man told her he would give her a shilling if she would go and get him a switch. The child went into the bush to get the switch, when the man followed her, threw her down, stuffed a pocket-handkerchief into her mouth to stifle her cries, and then beat her. The man then ran away, and was apprehended three days afterwards on board the Duke of Edinburgh, just as the vessel was about to sail for Newcastle. When the prisoner was tried His Honor Mr Justice Chapman, in addressing the jury, said "it was impossible to say what the prisoner's motive was, but such extraordinary cases as the present one sometimes presented themselves in the annals of a criminal court." Prior to Mercer's arrival in New Zealand, where he had only been for a few months before this assault, he was a sailor on vessels trading from Geelong and Newcastle. He is a married man, and, when apprehended in 1873, had a wife living in Geelong.

## Curious Relics of Ancient Maoridom.

The following interesting account of a discovery of Maoris' tools and weapons near Riverton was recently furnished to the *Southland News* by Mr Theophilus Daniel, M.P.C.:—"About three years ago the Maoris here, under Pitau, one of their old chiefs and warriors, were digging a very large matia or black pine stump out of Pitau's garden. It was about 3ft. through, and when alive would be about 50ft. in the stem, and say 200 years old. When they got the stump out, in working at the tap-root, they turned up a lot of charcoal, and with it some old stone axes. This led to a further search, which resulted in the unearthing of 32 finished stone implements of all kinds, and about 50 others in a rough state, some half-finished and others nearly so, together with several stone hammers used in their manufacture. There were several small stone chisels, and a sort of gimblet or drill about a foot long, and the thickness of a finger—used with a bow for boring, and also several pieces of flint (jasper.) I asked Pitau and some of the oldest Maoris how they supposed the weapons, &c., came where they were found. Their idea was that they had belonged to a mechanic or axemaker, and—in expectation of a raid, of which the natives lived in constant dread—they were planted in a hole in the ground; that a fire was lighted over them for their better concealment; and that, the owner having been killed, they remained until found as stated, the tree having grown over them in the meantime. Pitau, who is a big powerful man, over 6 feet high, states that some of the tools—an adze in particular over 25 feet in length and thick in proportion—are much heavier than the Maoris now living could use. He thinks 'there were giants in those days'—an expression probably derived from the Biblical teaching of the native minister, Solomon. Pitau dismissed the theory that the implements had been placed under the tree while growing, with the remark, 'Did you not see the hole must have been a large one, with the tree in the centre and the roots spreading all over?' I therefore conceive that these implements are the oldest on record as having been found in New Zealand. Pitau said the race that used them had not then met with the greenstone—that it was discovered by the present race, who found it easier to fashion and better to keep its edge when sharpened than the stone previously used. I have some of the stone adzes (handed) by me yet. (I may mention that I got handles made for about 20 by an old Maori.) Of these I intend to give four to the Otago Museum, and two, with one of the hammers, to the Invercargill institution."

## An Energetic Bishop.

The Rev. Mr Thornton, the new Episcopal Bishop of Ballarat, who arrived by the last Suez mail steamer, and has by this time been inducted to his see, is just the man for the colonies—a prelate of a most pronounced democratic type. Two years ago he told a church congress at Leeds that he had been several times locked up by the police for preaching in the street. He admits that this is "unpleasant," but it does not seem to have at all disturbed his clerical composure, only to have suggested other itinerant means of expounding the gospel. "Working men will not come to tea meetings," he observes, "but no doubt they would come to suppers. Well, then," he adds, "give them a supper, with plenty of cold, rather underdone, beef, and an unlimited supply of red pickled cabbage, and that disposed of, you may speak your mind, and they will listen to you and confer with you." He likes *à la jresco* church meeting, but the policeman bars the way. "What do you say to a tent?" he asks; and as the happy thought strikes him, he follows it up until he places the whole thing vividly before you. "Then pitch your tent," he says, "pitch it early in the morning, and run up a flag. As the working men go to their work in the morning they will say to one another, 'Hollo! what's up?' A bill will inform them that the Gospel is going to be preached there that evening. Working men will come into a tent to hear the Gospel preached where the light is dim and they're not likely to be 'spotted,' as they call it." This modern St Paul disregards nothing of a secular character that will serve his religious purpose. Like the eccentric Rowland Hill (or was it John Wesley?) who declared that the devil shouldn't have all the good music, and applied profane melodies to the church hymns, Bishop Thornton would even revert to music of a very secular type indeed to draw a crowd together to preach to. "What do you say," he asks, "to blowing a trumpet? They find in Holland that a hymned with a cornet-a-piston will give a good congregation in five minutes." Upon the subject of Sunday schools, the Bishop elect has a remarkably sound head. "Why not have Sunday schools for men?" he asks; "in Birmingham we have one attended by about 1200, who assemble every Sunday morning." The *Leader* predicts a hearty welcome in Victoria for a Bishop who clearly takes the world as he finds it, and is ready to fashion the roughest material into something good.

New Discovery.—Great Rush to the Great Clearing Sale at the London House.—W. Talboys would call the attention of the public to the cheapest sale ever held in Cromwell, and is fully aware that it is only necessary to make it known to cause a GREAT RUSH, for the public know from experience the great bargains to be obtained at this house, at such a time in particular. Inspection is invited, and is bound to cause a purchase. The price list will be found in another column.—ADV.

## Trouble in the English Church.

There is a fearful trouble in the Anglican Church at Home. A terrible thing has come to light. The Archbishop of Canterbury is not a member of the Church of England. He didn't get properly baptised, it seems. He was actually born in Scotland; his parents were Presbyterians; and his nurse, who, dreadful to relate, was a Scotchwoman, was the only person who ever baptised him. A late telegram says:—"The controversy about the baptism and the confirmation of the Archbishop of Canterbury still continues in the Church journals. The facts appear to be these. Dr Tait was born in Scotland, of Presbyterian parents, who cared little about baptism. When he was an infant he was at one time very ill, and was supposed to be dying, and he says that at this time his nurse, an old Scotch woman, baptised him. This baptism would be a good one, even in the eye of the Roman Catholic Church, if it were done with the proper intention and with the essential words. But no evidence exists of these facts, and no other baptism was ever administered to the child, who is now Archbishop of Canterbury. When he grew up to be a young man he became an Episcopalian, and when he was a student at Balliol, Oxford, he was confirmed by Bishop Bagot. After the confirmation the Bishop learned that Mr Tait had never been baptised save in the way just described. The Bishop sent for him in great distress. 'Mr Tait,' said he, 'confirmation cannot be duly given to any one who has not been validly christened. I have confirmed you in ignorance; go and be baptised for security's sake, and then come to me again for confirmation.' Mr Tait declined to do anything of the kind, and thus the case stands. If he was not validly baptised, his confirmation was void, and all the subsequent sacraments administered to him and by him are void also. He has ordained about 300 priests, but, if he himself has never been validly ordained, their ordinations are void. The Bishop of Winchester has been asked to take some steps in the matter, but he has declined to do this, although admitting that 'the subject may be of interest to Churchmen.' May be! I should think that it would be, of all subjects, the most interesting, at least to the 300 clergymen who have been ordained by Archbishop Tait, and who, if he be unbaptised, have never been validly ordained."

## The Drowning of Miss Anderson.

The following are the circumstances attending the drowning of Miss Jennie Anderson, the magicienne:—Miss Anderson and her troupe were on their way to Waimate. The male members of the troupe walked across the bridge, but Miss Anderson, with all the properties, was being conveyed to the Canterbury side in an express. While in deep water, the vehicle capsized, and the driver, washed alongside one of the piles of the bridge, was rescued. But poor Miss Anderson was not so fortunate. Twice was she grasped at as she passed under the bridge, but on each occasion her clothing gave way. Everything belonging to the troupe, including a box containing money, was lost. A horse and two performing dogs, belonging to the troupe, were also drowned. Frank Verden, L. Thomas (harpist), the Herd Lad, and the rest of the troupe were rescued with great difficulty. Miss Anderson's body has been recovered, and the troupe are now on their way back to the city. The sad event has caused quite a sensation in Oamaru. We understand that Miss Anderson, while bathing at Auckland some years ago, had a very narrow escape from drowning, and was only rescued with great difficulty. She was examined by a medical man, who pronounced her to be dead. She remained in a state of coma for a considerable time, but by the untiring exertions of some ladies who attended her, she eventually showed signs of life, and was restored with great difficulty. She was unconscious for three or four days, and has suffered from the effects ever since. Miss Anderson had not attained her twentieth year.

The Waitaki Bridge is 3,630 feet long, more than twice as long as any bridge in England.

John Ploughman (the Rev. C. H. Spurgeon) in his "Talk" gives the following practical advice:—"Drink nothing without seeing it; sign nothing without reading it, and make sure that it means no more than it says. Don't go to law unless you have nothing to lose; lawyers' houses are built on fools' heads. In any business never wade into the water where you cannot see the bottom. Put no dependence upon the label of a bag; and count money after your own kin. See the sack opened before you buy what is in it; for he who trades in the dark asks to be cheated. Keep clear of the man who does not value his character. Beware of every man who swears; he who would blaspheme his Maker would make no bones of lying or stealing."

An Englishman holding forth in the evening in a Scotch hotel to some friends and strangers in the house on the subject of cremation of bodies, in place of the present mode of burial, wound up by declaring that he had about made up his mind to leave directions with his friends and executors that, when he died, his body should be cremated. A canny old Scotchman, who did not relish the innovation, "set the table in a roar," by remarking, "Ye seem to be in a great hurry, ma freen. A' that may possibly be ordained to be done, without any bother to your friends and executors, at the Lord's guid time and pleasure."



## Wanaka

## WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE.

The above hotel, which is delightfully situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake, offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker advantages rarely to be met with.

The scenery in the neighbourhood is exceedingly picturesque; and on an island in the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.

An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a Paddock, for horses.

THEODORE RUSSELL,  
Proprietor.

## Alberttown

ALBERT HOTEL,  
STORE, & POST-OFFICE,  
ALBERT TOWN.

H. NORMAN

Begs to intimate that he has made very extensive improvements in the above old establishment, and can now offer unrivalled accommodation, both for man and horse.

A large stock of GENERAL STORES & DRAPERY always on hand.

Old acquaintances will please remember that they can still make themselves perfectly at home at

H. NORMAN'S,  
ALBERT TOWN.

## Luggate

## ALBION HOTEL AND STORE

LUGGATE,

23 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka).

H. MAIDMAN ..... Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery, Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLING.

N.R.—District Post Office.

## Clyde

## MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

LOUIS HOTOP,

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,

SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.

—b. Pd

Libraries and Magazines supplied at a small advance upon English prices.

## Alexandra

MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,  
ALEXANDRA.

THEYERS & BECK beg to announce that they are prepared to supply their SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Delivered free of cartage within twenty miles.

Orders left with

Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;

Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;

or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

THEYERS AND BECK,  
BREWERS,  
ALEXANDRA.

J. C. CHAPPLE,  
AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District may be left at the ARGUS Office, and will meet with prompt attention.

## NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this date. I. LOUGHNAN.

Mount Pisa, 12th May, 1870.

## Dunedin Advertisements

WHEELER'S ADVERTISING  
AGENCY.

R. T. WHEELER,  
COLLECTOR,

Advertising and General Commission  
Agent,

STAFFORD-STREET, DUNEDIN.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COM-  
PANY OF NEW ZEALAND.

Directors:

J. L. BUTTERWORTH, ESQ.

JOHN CARGILL, ESQ.

HENRY DRIVER, ESQ.

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RICHARD OLIVER, ESQ.

ROBERT WILSON, ESQ.

GEORGE GRAY RUSSELL, ESQ.

KEITH RAMSAY, ESQ.

ROBERT WILSON, ESQ.

This Company is now prepared to undertake Fire Insurance business in every branch at lowest current rates.

A. HILL JACK,

General Manager.

GEO JENOU & Co. Agent for Cromwell District.

MILLS, DICK, AND CO.,  
PAPER BAG

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS,  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS' STATIONERS,  
STAFFORD ST., DUNEDIN.

Lithographed Show Cards, Bottle Labels,  
&c., &c.

W. REID, NURSERY  
and SEEDSMAN,

PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN,

has on sale a very large stock of all kinds of FRUIT TREES, from one to six years old; also, a large variety of Pines and other kinds of Forest Trees, Shrubs, Roses, and Flowers; Agricultural, Garden, and Flower Seeds.

All orders well packed, free of charge.

Established Twenty Years.

## GEORGE MATTHEWS,

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SEEDSMAN, AND SEED-GROWER,

MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN,

Begs to intimate that he has constantly on hand

Agricultural and Garden Seeds

Fruit, Forest, and Ornamental Trees in season

Garden Tools

Pruning Gloves

Flower Pots, &c. &c.

## CRAIG &amp; GILLIES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

CABINETMAKERS AND UPHOLSTERERS,

Importers of English and Scotch Furniture.

Walnut Drawing-room Suits in various styles; American Cane and Wood Chairs; Chimney and Dressing Glasses; Iron and Wood Bedsteads and Children's Cots; Spring Mattresses made all sizes; Palliasses, Mattresses, Bolsters, and Pillows; Brussels, Tapestry, Kidder, and Felt Carpets; China, Persian, and Cocoa Matting; Floorcloths all widths; Door and Fancy Mats in great variety.

Country orders punctually attended to and carefully packed.

Observe—GEORGE STREET, DUNEDIN.

BRITISH HOTEL,  
corner of

GEORGE and HANOVER STREETS,  
DUNEDIN.

The Proprietor respectfully calls the attention of residents on the Gold-fields to the excellence of accommodation he is enabled to offer to Country Visitors, Travellers, and Boarders.

The Hotel is commodious, well-furnished, and centrally situated.

ALEXANDER M'GREGOR,  
Proprietor.

AUSTRALASIAN HOTEL,  
MACLAGGAN-STREET, DUNEDIN.

JAMES PATTERSON, late of Clyde, begs to inform his numerous up-country friends that he has leased the above hotel, which he has put in a thorough state of repair. He has spared no expense in making this large and well-known house a comfortable home for boarders; and visitors from up-country will have every attention paid to their welfare. This Hotel is conveniently situated, being within a very short distance of the Railway Station.

Wines and Spirits of the best qualities.

## Lawrence

VICTORIA HOTEL,  
PEEL-STREET, LAWRENCE.

RICHARD WILLIAMS ..... Proprietor.

Families and Travellers visiting Lawrence will find every accommodation, and receive the best attention, at this old-established Hotel.

A new building has recently been erected, which considerably enlarges the accommodation and enhances the comfort of visitors. The additions comprise a suit of Private Apartments, commodious Bedrooms, and well furnished and cosy Sittingrooms, and render the Victoria one of the largest and most comfortable country hotels in the province.

A substantial Stable has also been erected, making now 13 stalls; together with four loose boxes and coach house.

Paddock for the accommodation of horses.

## Entire Horses



TO STAND THIS SEASON,

AT

QUEENSBERRY FARM,

WANAKA ROAD,

The Draught Stallion

"BLACK PRINCE."

Terms ..... £2.

THOMAS ANDERSON.

THE CLYDESDALE  
ENTIRE HORSE,

YOUNG PRINCE CHARLIE,

Will travel this Season in CROMWELL, CLYDE, ALEXANDRA, and BLACKS.

YOUNG PRINCE CHARLIE is a rich roan, rising four years old, and was got by Prince Charley; dam, Maggie, an imported mare from Tasmania.

Prince Charley gained 1st Prize at the Taieri Agricultural Show, as a foal, in 1864; gained 1st Prize at the Agricultural Show in 1865, as a one-year old; gained 2nd Prize at the Dunedin Agricultural Show in 1866 as a two-year old. His sire is the Old Prince Charley, of Australia. His dam Jessy, imported in 1863, by Messrs Emery and Strachan, from Tasmania; and the same year gained the Taieri Agricultural Society's 1st Prize for the best Colonial Mare; and 2nd Prize for being the best mare in the yard, beating Mr Nimmo's Black Mare, imported direct from Scotland; in the following years took prizes at the Taieri and Dunedin.

Terms: L.3, to be paid on or before the 1st of February; Groom's Fee, 5s to be paid at first time of serving.

THOMAS CRAWFORD,

Wai Keri Keri Valley.

## Patent Medicine

NERVOUSNESS—DEBILITY—LOSS OF POWER—  
SHERMATORRHEA—THE INDISCRETIONS OF  
EARLY YOUTH—SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and the yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to at once arrest the progress of disease.

DR L. L. SMITH has devoted himself for twenty years in the colony to the practice of this branch of his profession, while previously in England he was the pupil of, and practised with, the celebrated Dr R. T. Culverwell, the only medical practitioner who ever exclusively adopted this as the sole branch of his profession.

Dr L. L. Smith hereby informs the public that he is the only legally-qualified medical man in this speciality of his profession; that others advertising are unqualified, and that, therefore, in pretending to be qualified, they are obtaining money under false pretences.

Dr L. L. Smith also warns the public against the quackeries advertised. If the taker of any of these advertised nostrums escape with his life, or his system be not thoroughly and irreparably undermined by them, he may look upon himself as the most fortunate mortal.

Dr L. L. Smith has been applied to by so many unfortunate broken-down young-old-men, utterly crushed in spirit, ruined in body, and filched in pocket, that he deems it a duty to publish this to the world.

Those men and women who have been the victims of unprincipled charlatans frequently seek that recovery which is often beyond Dr Smith's control. Who will the public understand that it is to their interest to consult a duly qualified medical man, who has made this his sole study, rather than apply to a number of ignorant impostors, who merely harp and prey upon their pockets and health?

Dr L. Smith has always stated that to warn the public of these quackeries is his chief reason for advertising.

In all cases of nervous debility, lowness of spirits, loss of power, pimples on the forehead, lassitude, inaptitude for business, impotency, drainage from the system, and the various effects of errors of youth, and bloodpoisoning from diseases previously contracted, Dr L. L. Smith invites sufferers to consult him, as he has no hesitation in stating that no medical man, either here or in England, has had the opportunities of prac-

## Patent Medicines

tice and extraordinary experience which he has had. Therefore, those who really desire to be treated by one who is at the head of his profession in this branch of medical practice should lose no time in seeking his advice. Nor should anyone marry without first consulting him.

Books published by the Doctor can be had on application to him.

The new Consulting Rooms are at  
182 COLLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE,  
Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence of the Governor.)

Private Entrance is in Stephen-street South.

CONSULTATION FEE (by letter) ..... L.1.

Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, so packed as to avoid observation.

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

## HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and influenza may always be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against constitution, asthma, and similar complaints.

Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system, as they remove all cause of maladies, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowels without griping or any other annoyance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and biliousness.

Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throats.

How all important it is to check the first departure from health! all may do so by taking Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the earlier they are taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin, may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two, or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach, warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnaturally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Windy or Watery Dropsy.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandula and absorbent system, purify the blood, and impart a vigour which age or other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Colic	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic Dolorieux
Female Irregularities	Tumours
Fevers of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Veneral Affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from whatever cause
Indigestion	&c. &c. &c.

\* \* \* There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients, in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

Cromwell (Otago, New Zealand):

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